

Data in Brief

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**Submit Date: Aug 26, 2018**

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Title: Indonesian state educational universities' bibliometric dataset

Article Type: Data Article

Corresponding Author: Dr. Lantip Diat Prasajo,

Corresponding Author's Institution: State University of Yogyakarta

First Author: Lantip Diat Prasajo

Order of Authors: Lantip Diat Prasajo; Reni Fatmasari; Eti Nurhayati;  
Ahmad Darmadji; Fitri Ayu Kusumaningrum; Yuli Andriansyah

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## Detailed Response to Reviewers

Dear Editor of Data in Brief,

The zip file consists of dataset for this data article has been attached.

Best regards,

Dr. Lantip Diat Prasajo

<b>*Title:</b>	Indonesian state educational universities' bibliometric dataset
<b>*Authors:</b>	Lantip Diat Prasajo
<b>*Affiliations:</b>	Department of Educational Management, Postgraduate Program, Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indonesia
<b>*Contact email:</b>	<a href="mailto:lantip@uny.ac.id">lantip@uny.ac.id</a>
<b>*Co-authors:</b>	Reni Fatmasari (reni.fatmasari@gmail.com), Eti Nurhayati (etinurhayati@syekhnurjati.ac.id), Ahmad Darmadji (ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id), Fitri Ayu Kusumaningrum (fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id), & Yuli Andriansyah (yuliandriansyah@uii.ac.id)
<b>*CATEGORY:</b>	Education

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**Affiliations:** <sup>1</sup>Department of Educational Management, Postgraduate Program, Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indonesia, <sup>2</sup>Master of TESOL, Faculty of Education, Monash University, Australia, <sup>3</sup>Department of Islamic Early Childhood Education, Faculty of Islamic Education, Institut Agama Islam Negeri Syekh Nurjati, Indonesia, <sup>4</sup>Department of Islamic Education & Master of Islamic Studies, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia, <sup>5</sup>Department of Psychology, Faculty of Psychology and Socio-Cultural Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia, <sup>6</sup>Department of Islamic Economics, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

**Contact email:** [lantip@uny.ac.id](mailto:lantip@uny.ac.id)

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### Specifications Table

Subject area	Education
More specific subject area	Higher education
Type of data	Table and figure
How data was acquired	Scopus search analysis
Data format	Raw and filtered
Experimental factors	Institutional search in Scopus is conducted to obtain ten Indonesian leading educational universities
Experimental features	Search analysis in Scopus is conducted for each ten Indonesian leading educational universities to obtain bibliometric data
Data source location	Indonesia
Data accessibility	The dataset is accessible within this article data
Related research article	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, Y. Riyanto, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Publications of Islamic University of Indonesia in Scopus Database: A bibliometric assessment," <i>COLLNET J. Sci. Inf. Manag.</i>, vol. 12, no. 1, pp. 109–131, 2018.</li> <li>2. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Research productivity and international collaboration of top Indonesian universities," <i>Curr. Sci.</i>, vol. 115, no. 4, pp. 653–658, 2018.</li> </ol>

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### Value of the Data

- The dataset in this article will help further research on research quality of Indonesian educational universities. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to compare research quality of each university.
- The dataset will also provide useful tool for analysis in university level. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to analyze research quality of each university in terms of productivity, collaboration, citation and others.
- The dataset will also be useful in conducting citation analysis of highly-cited documents. This particular data can provide insight on how to publish in high impact academic journals as well as conferences.

### Data

This article data presents bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. Educational universities in this context are those that previously known as IKIP or



Institut Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan (Institute of Teaching and Educational Sciences). These universities previously provide higher education services to prepare teachers all over Indonesia after Independence Day. In the late 1990s and early 2000s, Government of Indonesia transform these universities into more open in educational services by providing courses in education, law, humanities, business, engineering, technology and others. This transformation changes also these universities name from previously institute to university.

After the transformation, some of educational universities show its capacity to compete to improve research quality. This dataset focuses on leading educational universities with largest publication in Scopus. Scopus is chosen as database because of its usage by Government of Indonesia to rank universities. Ranking these Indonesian leading educational universities based on Scopus documents results in names as follow: Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG).

Table 1 below summarizes ten Indonesian leading educational universities name and its abbreviation, documents in Scopus, first year in Scopus, average documents until 2010, and average documents from 2011 to 2018. This data is useful to understand the pattern of these universities' documents in Scopus database. Average documents before and after 2010 are presented to show the increasing trend in documents in Scopus as implication of policies by Government of Indonesia regarding Scopus. In 2010s, Government of Indonesia uses Scopus for some important policies for higher education: 1) document in Scopus is required for professor tenure[1]; 2) university ranking based on document in Scopus[2], [3]; and 3) researcher ranking based on document and citation in Scopus[2]. These policies imply competition among universities, including educational ones, to publish in Scopus-indexed journals and conference that make improvement in data in Table 1 reasonable.

**Table 1 General information of ten Indonesian educational universities in dataset**

<b>University Name and Abbreviation</b>	<b>Documents in Scopus</b>	<b>First Year in Scopus</b>	<b>Average Documents Until 2010*</b>	<b>Average Documents 2011-2018*</b>
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)	1382	2002	4.22	168.00
Universitas Negeri Malang (UM)	611	2000	6.55	67.38
Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES)	559	2001	2.00	67.38
Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa)	547	2000	1.45	66.38
Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY)	340	2002	1.78	40.50

<b>University Name and Abbreviation</b>	<b>Documents in Scopus</b>	<b>First Year in Scopus</b>	<b>Average Documents Until 2010*</b>	<b>Average Documents 2011-2018*</b>
Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM)	338	2000	0.91	41.00
Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ)	304	2001	2.20	35.25
Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP)	261	2003	1.25	31.38
Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed)	141	2000	1.55	15.50
Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG)	104	2008	0.67	12.75

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018. \*Authors estimation.

After using Scopus database to search for leading educational universities in Indonesia, further steps collect data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities. This data were then saved in an .xlsx file for each university. Every .xlsx file consists of data for single university. To explain what each .xlsx file consists of, sample of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia will be described in the following tables and figure.

Table 2 below describes number of documents per year in Scopus published by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). This table informs initial year the university published document in Scopus and its development until recently. Increasing trend in data can also simply be viewed from this table.

**Table 2 Documents per Year of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

<b>Year</b>	<b>Documents</b>
2002	1
2003	5
2004	0
2005	5
2006	5
2007	3
2008	5
2009	0
2010	14
2011	13
2012	28
2013	41
2014	50
2015	55
2016	270

Year	Documents
2017	507
2018	380

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Figure 1 below describes subject area of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. This subject area can inform the strength of the university in publication. It can also be a good source to evaluate transformation of the university from previously focused on education to a wider range of teaching as today. Policy makers from Government of Indonesia can use this data to analyze whether policy on educational university has a shift paradigm in publication and soon.

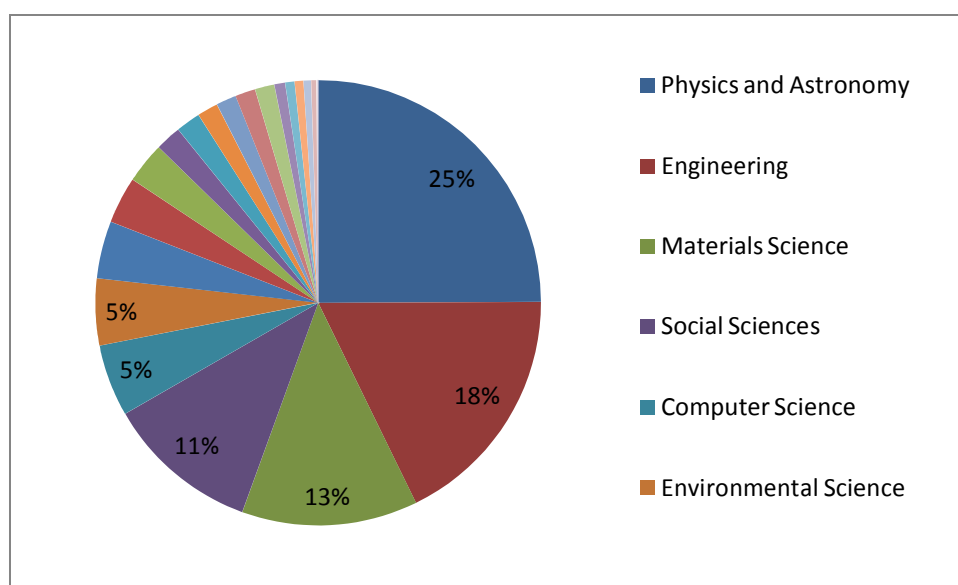


Figure 1 Subject Area of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 3 below describes source titles of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data on source title can inform the trend in the university's publication. A researcher can use this data to analyze quality of source based on its impact factor, SCIMago journal ranking, CiteScore, and other measurements. The source can also be a good source to determine the university policy in publication: whether it focuses on quantity, by allowing researchers to publish at any kind of Scopus-indexed journals and conferences, or quality, by emphasizing on only high impact journals or conferences.

Table 3 Source Title of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)

Source Title	Documents
Journal of Physics Conference Series	392

Source Title	Documents
IOP Conference Series Materials Science And Engineering	243
AIP Conference Proceedings	127
IOP Conference Series Earth And Environmental Science	62
Indonesian Journal of Applied Linguistics	44
Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia	31
Man In India	31
Pertanika Journal of Science And Technology	19
International Journal of Applied Business And Economic Research	16
Advanced Science Letters	11
International Journal Of Economic Research	11
Journal Of Engineering Science And Technology	11
ARNP Journal Of Engineering And Applied Sciences	6
New Educational Review	6
American Journal Of Applied Sciences	5
Indonesian Journal Of Chemistry	5
International Journal Of Instruction	5
Jurnal Teknologi Sciences And Engineering	5
Materials Science Forum	5
Social Sciences Pakistan	5

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 4 below describes document types of publication in Scopus by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). The data can inform the university policy in publishing research. Government of Indonesia considers article has a greater value than conference paper. Thus, when the university emphasizes on conference paper, it can be an indication for its effort to improve number of documents. Document types can also inform the variety of academic communication by the university.

**Table 4 Document Types of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

Document Type	Documents
Conference Paper	949
Article	400
Book Chapter	11
Review	7
Editorial	6
Article in Press	4
Erratum	3
Note	2

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 5 below describes country/territory of document origin by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data can inform collaboration pattern of the university in term of country. The data shows Indonesia in top list which can be interpreted as main source of document origin. Japan follows in second list as indication of 63 documents published in collaboration with researchers from this country. This data will also be useful to map collaboration based on regions. Researchers for example can analyze publications in collaboration with Asian, European, American countries, and soon.

**Table 5 Country/Territory of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

<b>Country/Territory</b>	<b>Documents</b>
Indonesia	1379
Japan	63
Malaysia	32
South Korea	19
Netherlands	16
Australia	15
United States	15
Turkey	8
China	7
Pakistan	7
Poland	7
Saudi Arabia	7
Canada	6
Italy	6
Mexico	6
Brazil	5
Bulgaria	5
Croatia	5
Estonia	5
Ghana	5
Hong Kong	5
Hungary	5
India	5
Iran	5
Kenya	5
Nigeria	5
Portugal	5
Romania	5
Russian Federation	5
Slovakia	5
Spain	5

<b>Country/Territory</b>	<b>Documents</b>
Uganda	5
United Kingdom	5
Philippines	4
Switzerland	4
France	3
Germany	3
Singapore	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2
Colombia	2
Israel	2
Taiwan	2
Thailand	2
Argentina	1
Austria	1
Chile	1
Czech Republic	1
Finland	1
Norway	1
Peru	1
Serbia	1
Ukraine	1
Undefined	3

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 6 below describes prominent authors in Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). These authors are those whose largest documents in Scopus. The data on these authors can be useful to analyze disparities among staff member of university. Policy makers can also use the data as source of potential individuals tasked to improve university publication. For public, these authors can also be sources for commentary and analysis for occurring events in the society.

**Table 6 Authors of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

<b>Author Name</b>	<b>Documents</b>
Nandiyanto, A.B.D.	70
Abdullah, A.G.	51
Suhandi, A.	38
Rustaman, N.Y.	31
Samsudin, A.	28
Hasanah, L.	27
Setiawan, A.	27
Jupri, A.	26
Firman, H.	24

<b>Author Name</b>	<b>Documents</b>
Kaniawati, I.	24
Suryadi, D.	22
Permanasari, A.	20
Riza, L.S.	20
Rusdiana, D.	20
Hidayat, T.	19
Khoerunnisa, F.	19
Liliasari	19
Redjeki, S.	19
Munir	18
Herman, T.	17

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 7 below describes affiliations in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data consists of universities, research institutions, libraries and other entities having collaboration with the university in publishing documents. This type of data can be very useful to analyze collaboration pattern in research in terms of internationalization. Government of Indonesia has encouraged researchers to collaborate with potential partners especially in developed countries by providing relevant grants. Such data can be resource to track the results of this policy. Furthermore, having collaboration with world leading universities, for example those that are listed in Top 100 QS World University Rankings, will also has significant value for accreditation. Thus, policy makers in university can use the data to plan further potential collaboration and choose potential university partners.

**Table 7 Affiliation in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

<b>Affiliation</b>	<b>Documents</b>
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia	1382
Institut Teknologi Bandung	123
Universitas Padjadjaran	23
Hiroshima University	21
UIN Sunan Gunung Djati	14
Universitas Sultan Ageng Tirtayasa	14
Universitas Riau	11
State University of Malang	11
Shinshu University	10
Universitas Sriwijaya	10
Universitas Muhammadiyah Prof. Dr. HAMKA	10
Universiti Teknologi Malaysia	9
Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Indonesia	8
Universitas Tadulako	8

Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Ahmad Dahlan	8
Gadjah Mada University	7
Bengkulu University	7
Telkom University	7
Universitas Negeri Surabaya	7
Universitas Islam Negeri Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta	7
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Djati	6
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	6
Utrecht University	6
Universitas Syiah Kuala	6
Federal Neuropsychiatric Hospital	5
Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri	5
Universitas Galuh	5
Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro	5
Kyung Hee University	5
University of Amsterdam	5
Universiti Utara Malaysia	5
Chiba University	5
Chinese University of Hong Kong	5
Wageningen University and Research Centre	5
Pecsi Tudományegyetem	5
Matej Bel University	5
Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro	5
University of Zagreb	5
Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences	5
Akdeniz Üniversitesi	5
Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati	5
Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology	5
Universidad Iberoamericana	5
Ankara Üniversitesi	5
Central University of Finance and Economics	5
King Saud University	5
Cumhuriyet Üniversitesi	5
Adekunle Ajasin University	5
University of Washington, Seattle	5
University of Wrocław	5
Saint Mary's University	5
University of Ghana	5
Izmir Ekonomi Üniversitesi	5
Universidade de Coimbra	5
Russian Academy of Sciences	5
Razi University	5



<b>Affiliation</b>	<b>Documents</b>
Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte	5
Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	5
Universitatea Babes-Bolyai din Cluj-Napoca	5
Kanazawa University	5
University of Nigeria	5
Universidad de Granada	5
Curtin University	5
University of Nairobi	5
University of Karachi	5
University of Tartu	5
Universitas Indonesia	5
Institut Pertanian Bogor	5
Universitas Brawijaya	5
Universitas Sebelas Maret	5
South-West University Neofit Rilski	5
Indian Institute of Management Bangalore	5
Makerere University	5
University Malaysia Pahang	5
Universitas Kanjuruhan Malang	5
Universitas Muhammadiyah Sidoarjo	5
University of Science and Culture, Tehran	5
Pakuan University	5
Universitas Negeri Medan	5
Yayasan Salib Suci	4
Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang	4
Arizona State University	4
Tohoku University	4
Institute of Psychology of the Polish Academy of Sciences	4
Universitat Zurich	4
Uniwersytet Warszawski	4
Universidade Federal de Uberlandia	4
Monash University	4
Istanbul Universitesi	4
Pontificia Universidade Catolica do Rio de Janeiro	4
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Universitas Pasundan	4
Universitas Terbuka	4
Instituto D'Or de Pesquisa e Ensino	4
Universidade de Coimbra, Faculdade de Psicologia e de Ciencias da Educacao	4
Universitas PGRI Semarang	4
Universitas Serang Raya	3

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The University of British Columbia	2
University of Wollongong	2
Hokkaido University	2
International Islamic University Malaysia	2
Universidade da Madeira	2
Simon Fraser University	2
Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University	2
National Science Museum, Tokyo	2
Baskent Universitesi	2
Universitas Udayana	2
Universitas Andalas	2
Satya Wacana Christian University	2
Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember	2
University of the Philippines Los Banos	2
Japan International Cooperation Agency	2

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 8 below describes twenty most-cited documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data will be useful resource for citation analysis on authors and its research pattern. Researchers can track journals or conferences with higher citations and plan it for future potential publication outlets. Citation to documents in Scopus, as previously described, has been integrated in ranking for both university and researcher. Thus, such data will be important for institutions to improve its competitiveness in research. University, for example, might use the data to inform authors on what subject to research or what journal to submit and soon. University can also encourage researchers to do more collaborative works, as those that have collaborators, especially foreign experts, tend to have better citations.

**Table 8 Most-Cited Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

Author(s)	Journal	Citation
Vashaei et al. (2005)	Journal of Applied Physics	96
Cho et al. (2005)	Semiconductor Science and Technology	56
Topik, Yukawa, & Ito (2005)	Journal of Plant Research	46
Song et al. (2013)	Carbon	41
Ogi, Nandiyanto, & Okuyama (2014)	Advanced Powder Technology	37
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Chemical Engineering Science	31

Author(s)	Journal	Citation
Saito et al. (2006)	Journal of In-Service Education	29
Ray Hamidie et al. (2015)	Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental	26
Muraza et al. (2015)	Microporous and Mesoporous Materials	25
Arutanti et al. (2015)	ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces	25
Fatimah & Verhulst (2003)	Nonlinear Dynamics	25
Simonin et al. (2003)	Hydrometallurgy	23
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Langmuir	22
Aisyah et al. (2013)	Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	21
	World Transactions on Engineering and	
Sundayana et al. (2017)	Technology Education	20
Nandiyanto et al. (2014)	Chemical Engineering Journal	19
Arutanti et al. (2014)	AIChE Journal	19
Suhendi et al. (2013)	Langmuir	19
Radiman & Yuliani (2008)	Polymer International	19
Saito et al. (2007)	International Journal of Educational Development	19

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

### Experimental Design, Materials, and Methods

This data article collects the dataset from Scopus database. An institutional subscription is required to access the database. Once in Scopus database, institutional search was conducted using keyword "Indonesia". From more than two hundred institutions, ten state educational universities were chosen. For each university, collection of data was conducted using search analysis tool. Documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each university were downloadable in .csv format. These data in .csv file were then collected in an .xlsx file for each university. Ten .xlsx files for ten Indonesian educational universities were then uploaded along with this data article.

Further usage of the data can be based on policy makers, researchers or stake holders' point of view. For initial evaluation, a descriptive statistics using some tables and figures can be sufficient. However, a more detailed analysis will require further bibliometric analytic techniques and tools. Previous research can be guidance for researchers for a specific analysis on a university [4] or partial analysis of some universities as set of group [5] for Indonesian context.

### Acknowledgments

The authors collaborate in collecting data and writing this article with direct funding support from their institutions. However, indirect support in terms of facilities usage that made the

collaboration and writing process possible should be acknowledged. Thus, authors thank State University of Yogyakarta, Monash University, Institut Agama Islam Negeri Syekh Nurjati, and Islamic University of Indonesia. This article data along with its further derived publication are solely authors' responsibility and views.

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### **\*Conflict of Interest Form**

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### **Supplementary material**

[Click here to download Supplementary material: Indonesian state educational universities bibliometric dataset.zip](#)

## Indonesian state educational universities' bibliometric dataset

givennameLantip Diat Prasojosurname<sup>a</sup>

lantip@uny.ac.id

givennameReni Fatmasarisurname<sup>b</sup> reni.fatmasari@gmail.com

givennameEti Nurhayatisurname<sup>c</sup>

etinurhayati@syekhnurjati.ac.id

givennameAhmad Darmadjisurname<sup>d</sup>

ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id

givennameFitri Ayu Kusumaningrumsurname<sup>e</sup>

fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id

givennameYuli Andriansyahsurname<sup>f</sup>

yuliantriansyah@uii.ac.id

<sup>a</sup>Department of Educational Management, Postgraduate Program, Universitas Negeri YogyakartaYogyakarta, Indonesia

<sup>b</sup>Faculty of Education, Monash UniversityUniversity, Australia

<sup>c</sup>Department of Islamic Early Childhood Education, Faculty of Islamic Education, Institut Agama Islam Negeri Syekh NurjatiNurjati, Indonesia

<sup>d</sup>Department of Islamic Education & Master of Islamic Studies, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam IndonesiaIndonesia, Indonesia

<sup>e</sup>Department of Psychology, Faculty of Psychology and Socio-Cultural Studies, Universitas Islam IndonesiaIndonesia, Indonesia

<sup>f</sup>Department of Islamic Economics, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam IndonesiaIndonesia, Indonesia

### Abstract

This data article presents an important bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. These ten Indonesian leading educational universities are Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG). Using Scopus database search analysis, this data article collects data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities.

### Specifications **Table**

alt-text: Table

Subject area	Education
More specific subject area	Higher education

Type of data	Table and figure
How data was acquired	Scopus search analysis
Data format	Raw and filtered
Experimental factors	Institutional search in Scopus is conducted to obtain ten Indonesian leading educational universities
Experimental features	Search analysis in Scopus is conducted for each ten Indonesian leading educational universities to obtain bibliometric data
Data source location	Indonesia
Data accessibility	The dataset is accessible within this article data
Related research article	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, Y. Riyanto, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Publications of Islamic University of Indonesia in Scopus Database: A bibliometric assessment," COLLNET J. Sci. Inform. Manag., vol. 12, no. (1), 2018, pp. 109–131, 2018.</li> <li>2. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Research productivity and international collaboration of top Indonesian universities," Curr. Sci., vol. 115, no. (4), 2018, pp. 653–658, 2018.</li> </ol>

#### Value of the ~~Data~~data

- The dataset in this article will help further research on research quality of Indonesian educational universities. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to compare research quality of each university.
- The dataset will also provide useful tool for analysis in university level. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to analyze research quality of each university in terms of productivity, collaboration, citation and others.
- The dataset will also be useful in conducting citation analysis of highly-cited documents. This particular data can provide insight on how to publish in high impact academic journals as well as conferences.

## 1 Data

This article data presents bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. Educational universities in this context are those that previously known as IKIP or Institut Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan (Institute of Teaching and Educational Sciences). These universities previously provide higher education services to prepare teachers all over Indonesia after Independence Day. In the late 1990s and early 2000s, Government of Indonesia transform these universities into more open in educational services by providing courses in education, law, humanities, business, engineering, technology and others. This transformation changes also these universities name from previously institute to university.

After the transformation, some of educational universities show its capacity to compete to improve research quality. This dataset focuses on leading educational universities with largest publication in Scopus. Scopus is chosen as database because of its usage by Government of Indonesia to rank universities. Ranking these Indonesian leading educational universities based on Scopus documents results in names as follow: Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG).

Table 1 below summarizes ten Indonesian leading educational universities name and its abbreviation, documents in Scopus, first year in Scopus, average documents until 2010, and average documents from 2011 to 2018. This data is useful to understand the pattern of these universities' documents in Scopus database. Average documents before and after 2010 are presented to show the increasing trend in documents in Scopus as implication of policies by Government of Indonesia regarding Scopus. In 2010s, Government of Indonesia uses Scopus for some important policies for higher education: 1) document in Scopus is required for professor tenure[1]; 2) university ranking based on document in Scopus [2,3]; and 3) researcher ranking based on document and citation in Scopus [2]. These policies imply competition among universities, including educational ones, to publish in Scopus-indexed journals and conference that make improvement in data in Table 1 reasonable.

**Table 1** General information of ten Indonesian educational universities in dataset.

alt-text: Table 1

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

University Name and Abbreviation	Documents in Scopus	First Year in Scopus	Average Documents Until 2010 <sup>a</sup>	Average Documents 2011-2018 <sup>a</sup>
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)	1382	2002	4.22	168.00
Universitas Negeri Malang (UM)	611	2000	6.55	67.38
Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES)	559	2001	2.00	67.38
Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa)	547	2000	1.45	66.38
Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY)	340	2002	1.78	40.50
Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM)	338	2000	0.91	41.00
Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ)	304	2001	2.20	35.25
Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP)	261	2003	1.25	31.38
Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed)	141	2000	1.55	15.50
Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG)	104	2008	0.67	12.75

<sup>a</sup> Authors estimation.

After using Scopus database to search for leading educational universities in Indonesia, further step is collecting data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities. This data were then saved in an .xlsx file for each university. Every .xlsx file consists of data for single university. To explain what each .xlsx file consists of, sample of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia will be described in the following tables and figure.

Table 2 below describes number of documents per year in Scopus published by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). This table informs initial year the university published document in Scopus and its development until recently. Increasing trend in data can also simply be viewed from this table.

**Table 2** Documents per Year of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

alt-text: Table 2

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Year	Documents
2002	1
2003	5
2004	0
2005	5
2006	5
2007	3
2008	5
2009	0
2010	14



2011	13
2012	28
2013	41
2014	50
2015	55
2016	270
2017	507
2018	380

Fig. 1 below describes subject area of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. This subject area can inform the strength of the university in publication. It can also be a good source to evaluate transformation of the university from previously focused on education to a wider range of teaching as today. Policy makers from Government of Indonesia can use this data to analyze whether policy on educational university has a shift paradigm in publication and soon.

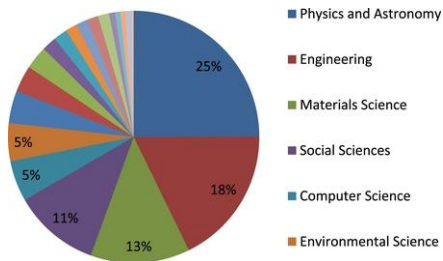


Fig. 1 Subject Area of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

alt-text: Fig. 1

Table 3 below describes source titles of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data on source title can inform the trend in the university's publication. A researcher can use this data to analyze quality of source based on its impact factor, SCIMago journal ranking, CiteScore, and other measurements. The source can also be a good source to determine the university policy in publication: whether it focuses on quantity, by allowing researchers to publish at any kind of Scopus-indexed journals and conferences, or quality, by emphasizing on only high impact journals or conferences.

Table 3 Source Title of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

alt-text: Table 3

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Source Title	Documents
Journal of Physics Conference Series	392
IOP Conference Series Materials Science And Engineering	243
AIP Conference Proceedings	127
IOP Conference Series Earth And Environmental Science	62
Indonesian Journal of Applied Linguistics	44
Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia	31
Man In India	31

Pertanika Journal of Science And Technology	19
International Journal of Applied Business And Economic Research	16
Advanced Science Letters	11
International Journal Of Economic Research	11
Journal Of Engineering Science And Technology	11
ARPN Journal Of Engineering And Applied Sciences	6
New Educational Review	6
American Journal Of Applied Sciences	5
Indonesian Journal Of Chemistry	5
International Journal Of Instruction	5
Jurnal Teknologi Sciences And Engineering	5
Materials Science Forum	5
Social Sciences Pakistan	5

Table 4 below describes document types of publication in Scopus by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). The data can inform the university policy in publishing research. Government of Indonesia considers article has a greater value than conference paper. Thus, when the university emphasizes on conference paper, it can be an indication for its effort to improve number of documents. Document types can also inform the variety of academic communication by the university.

**Table 4** Document Types of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

alt-text: Table 4

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Document Type	Documents
Conference Paper	949
Article	400
Book Chapter	11
Review	7
Editorial	6
Article in Press	4
Erratum	3
Note	2

Table 5 below describes country/territory of document origin by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data can inform collaboration pattern of the university in term of country. The data shows Indonesia in top list which can be interpreted as main source of document origin. Japan follows in second list as indication of 63 documents published in collaboration with researchers from this country. This data will also be useful to map collaboration based on regions. Researchers for example can analyze publications in collaboration with Asian, European, American countries, and soon.

**Table 5** Country/Territory of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

alt-text: Table 5

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Country/Territory	Documents
Indonesia	1379
Japan	63
Malaysia	32
South Korea	19
Netherlands	16
Australia	15
United States	15
Turkey	8
China	7
Pakistan	7
Poland	7
Saudi Arabia	7
Canada	6
Italy	6
Mexico	6
Brazil	5
Bulgaria	5
Croatia	5
Estonia	5
Ghana	5
Hong Kong	5
Hungary	5
India	5
Iran	5
Kenya	5
Nigeria	5
Portugal	5
Romania	5
Russian Federation	5
Slovakia	5
Spain	5

Uganda	5
United Kingdom	5
Philippines	4
Switzerland	4
France	3
Germany	3
Singapore	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2
Colombia	2
Israel	2
Taiwan	2
Thailand	2
Argentina	1
Austria	1
Chile	1
Czech Republic	1
Finland	1
Norway	1
Peru	1
Serbia	1
Ukraine	1
Undefined	3

Table 6 below describes prominent authors in Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). These authors are those whose largest documents in Scopus. The data on these authors can be useful to analyze disparities among staff member of university. Policy makers can also use the data as source of potential individuals tasked to improve university publication. For public, these authors can also be sources for commentary and analysis for occurring events in the society.

**Table 6** Authors of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI.(UPI).

alt-text: Table 6

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Author Name	Documents
Nandiyanto, A.B.D.	70
Abdullah, A.G.	51
Suhandi, A.	38
Rustaman, N.Y.	31

Samsudin, A.	28
Hasanah, L.	27
Setiawan, A.	27
Jupri, A.	26
Firman, H.	24
Kaniawati, I.	24
Suryadi, D.	22
Permanasari, A.	20
Riza, L.S.	20
Rusdiana, D.	20
Hidayat, T.	19
Khoerunnisa, F.	19
Liliasari	19
Redjeki, S.	19
Munir	18
Herman, T.	17

Table 7 below describes affiliations in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data consists of universities, research institutions, libraries and other entities having collaboration with the university in publishing documents. This type of data can be very useful to analyze collaboration pattern in research in terms of internationalization. Government of Indonesia has encouraged researchers to collaborate with potential partners especially in developed countries by providing relevant grants. Such data can be resource to track the results of this policy. Furthermore, having collaboration with world leading universities, for example those that are listed in Top 100 QS World University Rankings, will also has significant value for accreditation. Thus, policy makers in university can use the data to plan further potential collaboration and choose potential university partners.

**Table 7** Affiliation in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

alt-text: Table 7

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia	1382
Institut Teknologi Bandung	123
Universitas Padjadjaran	23
Hiroshima University	21
UIN Sunan Gunung Djati	14
Universitas Sultan Ageng Tirtayasa	14
Universitas Riau	11
State University of Malang	11
Shinshu University	10
Universitas Sriwijaya	10

Universitas Muhammadiyah Prof. Dr. HAMKA	10
Universiti Teknologi Malaysia	9
Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Indonesia	8
Universitas Tadulako	8
Universitas Ahmad Dahlan	8
Gadjah Mada University	7
Bengkulu University	7
Telkom University	7
Universitas Negeri Surabaya	7
Universitas Islam Negeri Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta	7
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Djati	6
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	6
Utrecht University	6
Universitas Syiah Kuala	6
Federal Neuropsychiatric Hospital	5
Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri	5
Universitas Galuh	5
Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro	5
Kyung Hee University	5
University of Amsterdam	5
Universiti Utara Malaysia	5
Chiba University	5
Chinese University of Hong Kong	5
Wageningen University and Research Centre	5
Peci Tudományegyetem	5
Matej Bel University	5
Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro	5
University of Zagreb	5
Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences	5
Akdeniz Universitesi	5
Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati	5
Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology	5
Universidad Iberoamericana	5
Ankara Universitesi	5

Central University of Finance and Economics	5
King Saud University	5
Cumhuriyet Universitesi	5
Adekunle Ajasin University	5
University of Washington, Seattle	5
University of Wroclaw	5
Saint Mary's University	5
University of Ghana	5
Izmir Ekonomi Universitesi	5
Universidade de Coimbra	5
Russian Academy of Sciences	5
Razi University	5
Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte	5
Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	5
Universitatea Babeș-Bolyai din Cluj-Napoca	5
Kanazawa University	5
University of Nigeria	5
Universidad de Granada	5
Curtin University	5
University of Nairobi	5
University of Karachi	5
University of Tartu	5
Universitas Indonesia	5
Institut Pertanian Bogor	5
Universitas Brawijaya	5
Universitas Sebelas Maret	5
South-West University Neofit Rilski	5
Indian Institute of Management Bangalore	5
Makerere University	5
University Malaysia Pahang	5
Universitas Kanjuruhan Malang	5
Universitas Muhammadiyah Sidoarjo	5
University of Science and Culture, Tehran	5
Pakuan University	5

Universitas Negeri Medan	5
Yayasan Salib Suci	4
Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang	4
Arizona State University	4
Tohoku University	4
Institute of Psychology of the Polish Academy of Sciences	4
Universitat Zurich	4
Uniwersytet Warszawski	4
Universidade Federal de Uberlandia	4
Monash University	4
Istanbul Universitesi	4
Pontificia Universidade Catolica do Rio de Janeiro	4
Universitas Diponegoro	4
Universitas Lampung	4
Universitas Pasundan	4
Universitas Terbuka	4
Instituto D'Or de Pesquisa e Ensino	4
Universidade de Coimbra, Faculdade de Psicologia e de Ciencias da Educacao	4
Universitas PGRI Semarang	4
Universitas Serang Raya	3
PSTNT-BATAN	3
Universitas PGRI Palembang	3
Möttemaru Oü	3
Nanyang Technological University	3
Kyoto University	3
Russian State University for the Humanities	3
Technische Universität Dresden	3
Kumoh National Institute of Technology	3
Yildiz Technical University	3
The University of Warwick	3
University of Tokyo	3
SWPS Uniwersytet Humanistycznospółeczny	3
Constantine the Philosopher University	3



University of Mataram	3
Universitas Pattimura	3
Nisshin Seifun Group Inc	3
Universitas Negeri Jakarta	3
Universitas Negeri Padang	3
STKIP PGRI Sumbar	3
Politeknik Negeri Lhokseumawe	3
Universitas Islam Riau	3
Universitas Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa	3
Universitas Muhammadiyah Purwokerto	3
International Development Center of	2
Politeknik Negeri Semarang	2
PTNBR-BATAN	2
Public Health Institute	2
Universitas Siliwangi	2
Arsari Group	2
MI Consulting Corporation	2
Institut Teknologi Sumatera	2
Universitas Borneo Tarakan	2
Guangdong Construction Polytechnic	2
Sekolah Tinggi Keguruan Dan Ilmu Pendidikan Pasundan	2
SMAN 2 Kota Sukabumi	2
Dinas Pendidikan	2
STKIP Bima	2
Universitas Singaperbangsa Karawang	2
Hanwha	2
Nagoya University	2
University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	2
Kangwon National University	2
Universiti Sains Malaysia	2
Universite Pierre et Marie Curie	2
Bar-Ilan University	2
Uniwersytet Opolski	2
Slovak Academy of Sciences	2

The University of British Columbia	2
University of Wollongong	2
Hokkaido University	2
International Islamic University Malaysia	2
Universidade da Madeira	2
Simon Fraser University	2
Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University	2
National Science Museum, Tokyo	2
Baskent Universitesi	2
Universitas Udayana	2
Universitas Andalas	2
Satya Wacana Christian University	2
Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember	2
University of the Philippines Los Banos	2
Japan International Cooperation Agency	2

Table 8 below describes twenty most-cited documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data will be useful resource for citation analysis on authors and its research pattern. Researchers can track journals or conferences with higher citations and plan it for future potential publication outlets. Citation to documents in Scopus, as previously described, has been integrated in ranking for both university and researcher. Thus, such data will be important for institutions to improve its competitiveness in research. University, for example, might use the data to inform authors on what subject to research or what journal to submit and soon. University can also encourage researchers to do more collaborative works, as those that have collaborators, especially foreign experts, tend to have better citations.

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Fatimah & Verhulst (2003)	Nonlinear Dynamics	25

Simonin et al. (2003)	Hydrometallurgy	23
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Langmuir	22
Aisyah et al. (2013)	Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	21
Sundayana et al. (2017)	World Transactions on Engineering and Technology Education	20
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Arutanti et al. (2014)	AIChE Journal	19
Suhendi et al. (2013)	Langmuir	19
Radiman & Yuliani (2008)	Polymer International	19
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## 2 Experimental ~~Design, Materials, design, materials, and Methods~~ ~~methods~~

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## Acknowledgments

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## Transparency document Supporting information

Transparency data associated with this article can be found in the online version at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128>.

## Appendix A. Supporting information

Supplementary data associated with this article can be found in the online version at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128>.

## References

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[5] A. Darmadji, L.D. Prasajo, F.A. Kusumaningrum and Y. Andriansyah, Research productivity and international collaboration of top Indonesian universities, *Curr. Sci.* **115** (4), 2018, 653–658.

## Transparency document Supplementary material

[Multimedia Component 1](#)

Supplementary material

## Appendix A. Supplementary material

[Multimedia Component 2](#)

Supplementary material

## Queries and Answers

### Query:

Please confirm that given names and surnames have been identified correctly and are presented in the desired order, and please carefully verify the spelling of all authors.

**Answer:** Yes I confirm names have been correct.

### Query:

Corresponding author has not been indicated in the author group. Kindly provide the corresponding author's information.

**Answer:** Lantip Diat Prasajo is corresponding author for this manuscript.

### Query:

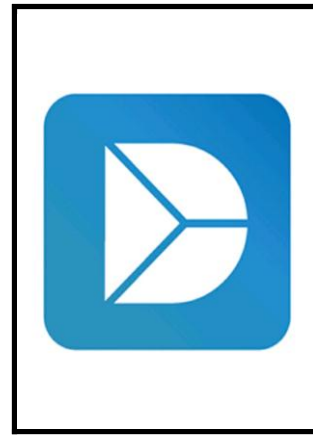
Please provide professional email address not personal for "Reni Fatmasari".

**Answer:** Reni Fatmasari email can be changed to reni0001@monash.edu.au

# Author's Accepted Manuscript

Indonesian state educational universities'  
bibliometric dataset

Lantip Diat Prasajo, Reni Fatmasari, Eti Nurhayati,  
Ahmad Darmadji, Fitri Ayu Kusumaningrum, Yuli  
Andriansyah



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Indonesian state educational universities' bibliometric dataset

Lantip Diat Prasajo<sup>1</sup>, Reni Fatmasari<sup>2</sup>, Eti Nurhayati<sup>3</sup>, Ahmad Darmadji<sup>4</sup>, Fitri Ayu Kusumaningrum<sup>5</sup>, Yuli Andriansyah<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Educational Management, Postgraduate Program, Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indonesia

<sup>2</sup>Master of TESOL, Faculty of Education, Monash University, Australia

<sup>3</sup>Department of Islamic Early Childhood Education, Faculty of Islamic Education, Institut Agama Islam Negeri Syekh Nurjati, Indonesia

<sup>4</sup>Department of Islamic Education & Master of Islamic Studies, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

<sup>5</sup>Department of Psychology, Faculty of Psychology and Socio-Cultural Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

<sup>6</sup>Department of Islamic Economics, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

lantip@uny.ac.id

reni.fatmasari@gmail.com

etinurhayati@syekhnurjati.ac.id

ahmad.darmadji@uui.ac.id

fitriayukusumaningrum@uui.ac.id

yuliandriansyah@uui.ac.id

**Abstract**

This data article presents an important bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. These ten Indonesian leading educational universities are Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG). Using Scopus database search analysis, this data article collects data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities.

### Specifications Table

Subject area	Education
More specific subject area	Higher education
Type of data	Table and figure
How data was acquired	Scopus search analysis
Data format	Raw and filtered
Experimental factors	Institutional search in Scopus is conducted to obtain ten Indonesian leading educational universities
Experimental features	Search analysis in Scopus is conducted for each ten Indonesian leading educational universities to obtain bibliometric data
Data source location	Indonesia
Data accessibility	The dataset is accessible within this article data
Related research article	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, Y. Riyanto, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Publications of Islamic University of Indonesia in Scopus Database: A bibliometric assessment," <i>COLLNET J. Sci. Inf. Manag.</i>, vol. 12, no. 1, pp. 109–131, 2018.</li> <li>2. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Research productivity and international collaboration of top Indonesian universities," <i>Curr. Sci.</i>, vol. 115, no. 4, pp. 653–658, 2018.</li> </ol>

### Value of the Data

- The dataset in this article will help further research on research quality of Indonesian educational universities. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to compare research quality of each university.
- The dataset will also provide useful tool for analysis in university level. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to analyze research quality of each university in terms of productivity, collaboration, citation and others.

- The dataset will also be useful in conducting citation analysis of highly-cited documents. This particular data can provide insight on how to publish in high impact academic journals as well as conferences.

### Data

This article data presents bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. Educational universities in this context are those that previously known as IKIP or Institut Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan (Institute of Teaching and Educational Sciences). These universities previously provide higher education services to prepare teachers all over Indonesia after Independence Day. In the late 1990s and early 2000s, Government of Indonesia transform these universities into more open in educational services by providing courses in education, law, humanities, business, engineering, technology and others. This transformation changes also these universities name from previously institute to university.

After the transformation, some of educational universities show its capacity to compete to improve research quality. This dataset focuses on leading educational universities with largest publication in Scopus. Scopus is chosen as database because of its usage by Government of Indonesia to rank universities. Ranking these Indonesian leading educational universities based on Scopus documents results in names as follow: Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG).

Table 1 below summarizes ten Indonesian leading educational universities name and its abbreviation, documents in Scopus, first year in Scopus, average documents until 2010, and average documents from 2011 to 2018. This data is useful to understand the pattern of these universities' documents in Scopus database. Average documents before and after 2010 are presented to show the increasing trend in documents in Scopus as implication of policies by Government of Indonesia regarding Scopus. In 2010s, Government of Indonesia uses Scopus for some important policies for higher education: 1) document in Scopus is required for professor tenure[1]; 2) university ranking based on document in Scopus[2], [3]; and 3) researcher ranking based on document and citation in Scopus[2]. These policies imply competition among universities, including educational ones, to publish in Scopus-indexed journals and conference that make improvement in data in Table 1 reasonable.



**Table 1 General information of ten Indonesian educational universities in dataset**

<b>University Name and Abbreviation</b>	<b>Documents in Scopus</b>	<b>First Year in Scopus</b>	<b>Average Documents Until 2010*</b>	<b>Average Documents 2011-2018*</b>
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)	1382	2002	4.22	168.00
Universitas Negeri Malang (UM)	611	2000	6.55	67.38
Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES)	559	2001	2.00	67.38
Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa)	547	2000	1.45	66.38
Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY)	340	2002	1.78	40.50
Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM)	338	2000	0.91	41.00
Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ)	304	2001	2.20	35.25
Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP)	261	2003	1.25	31.38
Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed)	141	2000	1.55	15.50
Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG)	104	2008	0.67	12.75

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018. \*Authors estimation.

After using Scopus database to search for leading educational universities in Indonesia, further steps collect data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities. This data were then saved in an .xlsx file for each university. Every .xlsx file consists of data for single university. To explain what each .xlsx file consists of, sample of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia will be described in the following tables and figure.

Table 2 below describes number of documents per year in Scopus published by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). This table informs initial year the university published document in Scopus and its development until recently. Increasing trend in data can also simply be viewed from this table.

**Table 2 Documents per Year of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

<b>Year</b>	<b>Documents</b>
2002	1
2003	5
2004	0
2005	5
2006	5
2007	3
2008	5
2009	0
2010	14

Year	Documents
2011	13
2012	28
2013	41
2014	50
2015	55
2016	270
2017	507
2018	380

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Figure 1 below describes subject area of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. This subject area can inform the strength of the university in publication. It can also be a good source to evaluate transformation of the university from previously focused on education to a wider range of teaching as today. Policy makers from Government of Indonesia can use this data to analyze whether policy on educational university has a shift paradigm in publication and soon.

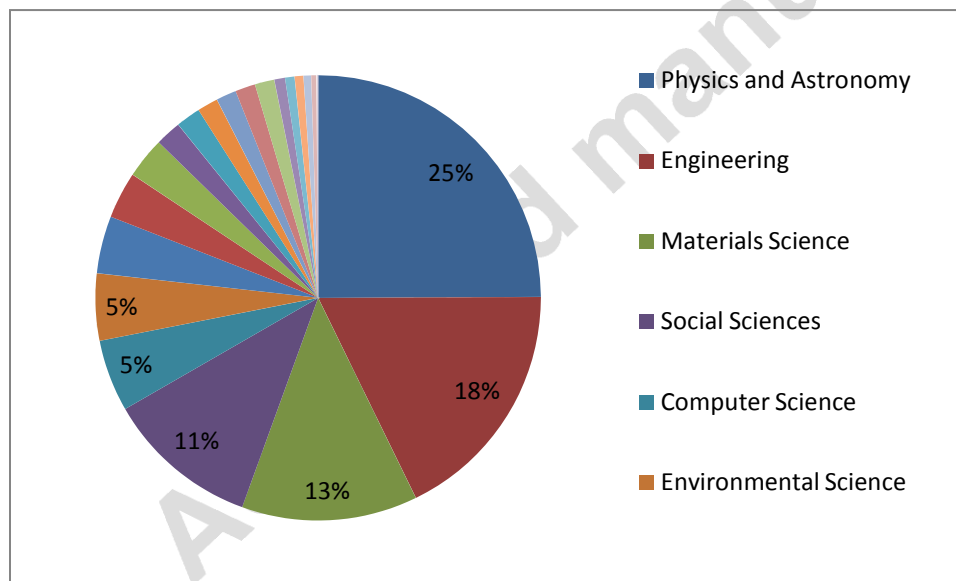


Fig 1 Subject Area of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 3 below describes source titles of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data on source title can inform the trend in the university's publication. A researcher can use this data to analyze quality of source based on its impact factor, SCIMago journal ranking, CiteScore, and other measurements. The source can also be a good source to determine the university policy in publication: whether it focuses on quantity, by allowing

researchers to publish at any kind of Scopus-indexed journals and conferences, or quality, by emphasizing on only high impact journals or conferences.

**Table 3 Source Title of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

Source Title	Documents
Journal of Physics Conference Series	392
IOP Conference Series Materials Science And Engineering	243
AIP Conference Proceedings	127
IOP Conference Series Earth And Environmental Science	62
Indonesian Journal of Applied Linguistics	44
Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia	31
Man In India	31
Pertanika Journal of Science And Technology	19
International Journal of Applied Business And Economic Research	16
Advanced Science Letters	11
International Journal Of Economic Research	11
Journal Of Engineering Science And Technology	11
ARPN Journal Of Engineering And Applied Sciences	6
New Educational Review	6
American Journal Of Applied Sciences	5
Indonesian Journal Of Chemistry	5
International Journal Of Instruction	5
Jurnal Teknologi Sciences And Engineering	5
Materials Science Forum	5
Social Sciences Pakistan	5

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 4 below describes document types of publication in Scopus by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). The data can inform the university policy in publishing research. Government of Indonesia considers article has a greater value than conference paper. Thus, when the university emphasizes on conference paper, it can be an indication for its effort to improve number of documents. Document types can also inform the variety of academic communication by the university.

**Table 4 Document Types of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

Document Type	Documents
Conference Paper	949
Article	400
Book Chapter	11
Review	7
Editorial	6

Article in Press	4
Erratum	3
Note	2

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 5 below describes country/territory of document origin by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data can inform collaboration pattern of the university in term of country. The data shows Indonesia in top list which can be interpreted as main source of document origin. Japan follows in second list as indication of 63 documents published in collaboration with researchers from this country. This data will also be useful to map collaboration based on regions. Researchers for example can analyze publications in collaboration with Asian, European, American countries, and soon.

**Table 5 Country/Territory of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

<b>Country/Territory</b>	<b>Documents</b>
Indonesia	1379
Japan	63
Malaysia	32
South Korea	19
Netherlands	16
Australia	15
United States	15
Turkey	8
China	7
Pakistan	7
Poland	7
Saudi Arabia	7
Canada	6
Italy	6
Mexico	6
Brazil	5
Bulgaria	5
Croatia	5
Estonia	5
Ghana	5
Hong Kong	5
Hungary	5
India	5
Iran	5
Kenya	5
Nigeria	5

Country/Territory	Documents
Portugal	5
Romania	5
Russian Federation	5
Slovakia	5
Spain	5
Uganda	5
United Kingdom	5
Philippines	4
Switzerland	4
France	3
Germany	3
Singapore	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2
Colombia	2
Israel	2
Taiwan	2
Thailand	2
Argentina	1
Austria	1
Chile	1
Czech Republic	1
Finland	1
Norway	1
Peru	1
Serbia	1
Ukraine	1
Undefined	3

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 6 below describes prominent authors in Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). These authors are those whose largest documents in Scopus. The data on these authors can be useful to analyze disparities among staff member of university. Policy makers can also use the data as source of potential individuals tasked to improve university publication. For public, these authors can also be sources for commentary and analysis for occurring events in the society.

**Table 6 Authors of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

Author Name	Documents
Nandiyanto, A.B.D.	70
Abdullah, A.G.	51
Suhandi, A.	38
Rustaman, N.Y.	31

Author Name	Documents
Samsudin, A.	28
Hasanah, L.	27
Setiawan, A.	27
Jupri, A.	26
Firman, H.	24
Kaniawati, I.	24
Suryadi, D.	22
Permanasari, A.	20
Riza, L.S.	20
Rusdiana, D.	20
Hidayat, T.	19
Khoerunnisa, F.	19
Liliasari	19
Redjeki, S.	19
Munir	18
Herman, T.	17

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 7 below describes affiliations in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data consists of universities, research institutions, libraries and other entities having collaboration with the university in publishing documents. This type of data can be very useful to analyze collaboration pattern in research in terms of internationalization. Government of Indonesia has encouraged researchers to collaborate with potential partners especially in developed countries by providing relevant grants. Such data can be resource to track the results of this policy. Furthermore, having collaboration with world leading universities, for example those that are listed in Top 100 QS World University Rankings, will also has significant value for accreditation. Thus, policy makers in university can use the data to plan further potential collaboration and choose potential university partners.

**Table 7 Affiliation in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia	1382
Institut Teknologi Bandung	123
Universitas Padjadjaran	23
Hiroshima University	21
UIN Sunan Gunung Djati	14
Universitas Sultan Ageng Tirtayasa	14
Universitas Riau	11
State University of Malang	11
Shinshu University	10

Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Sriwijaya	10
Universitas Muhammadiyah Prof. Dr. HAMKA	10
Universiti Teknologi Malaysia	9
Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Indonesia	8
Universitas Tadulako	8
Universitas Ahmad Dahlan	8
Gadjah Mada University	7
Bengkulu University	7
Telkom University	7
Universitas Negeri Surabaya	7
Universitas Islam Negeri Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta	7
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Djati	6
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	6
Utrecht University	6
Universitas Syiah Kuala	6
Federal Neuropsychiatric Hospital	5
Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri	5
Universitas Galuh	5
Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro	5
Kyung Hee University	5
University of Amsterdam	5
Universiti Utara Malaysia	5
Chiba University	5
Chinese University of Hong Kong	5
Wageningen University and Research Centre	5
Pecsi Tudományegyetem	5
Matej Bel University	5
Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro	5
University of Zagreb	5
Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences	5
Akdeniz Üniversitesi	5
Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati	5
Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology	5
Universidad Iberoamericana	5
Ankara Üniversitesi	5
Central University of Finance and Economics	5
King Saud University	5
Cumhuriyet Üniversitesi	5
Adekunle Ajasin University	5
University of Washington, Seattle	5
University of Wrocław	5
Saint Mary's University	5

Affiliation	Documents
University of Ghana	5
Izmir Ekonomi Universitesi	5
Universidade de Coimbra	5
Russian Academy of Sciences	5
Razi University	5
Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte	5
Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	5
Universitatea Babes-Bolyai din Cluj-Napoca	5
Kanazawa University	5
University of Nigeria	5
Universidad de Granada	5
Curtin University	5
University of Nairobi	5
University of Karachi	5
University of Tartu	5
Universitas Indonesia	5
Institut Pertanian Bogor	5
Universitas Brawijaya	5
Universitas Sebelas Maret	5
South-West University Neofit Rilski	5
Indian Institute of Management Bangalore	5
Makerere University	5
University Malaysia Pahang	5
Universitas Kanjuruhan Malang	5
Universitas Muhammadiyah Sidoarjo	5
University of Science and Culture, Tehran	5
Pakuan University	5
Universitas Negeri Medan	5
Yayasan Salib Suci	4
Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang	4
Arizona State University	4
Tohoku University	4
Institute of Psychology of the Polish Academy of Sciences	4
Universitat Zurich	4
Uniwersytet Warszawski	4
Universidade Federal de Uberlandia	4
Monash University	4
Istanbul Universitesi	4
Pontificia Universidade Catolica do Rio de Janeiro	4
Universitas Diponegoro	4
Universitas Lampung	4
Universitas Pasundan	4



Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Terbuka	4
Instituto D'Or de Pesquisa e Ensino	4
Universidade de Coimbra, Faculdade de Psicologia e de Ciencias da Educacao	4
Universitas PGRI Semarang	4
Universitas Serang Raya	3
PSTNT-BATAN	3
Universitas PGRI Palembang	3
Möttemaru Oü	3
Nanyang Technological University	3
Kyoto University	3
Russian State University for the Humanities	3
Technische Universität Dresden	3
Kumoh National Institute of Technology	3
Yildiz Technical University	3
The University of Warwick	3
University of Tokyo	3
SWPS Uniwersytet Humanistycznospołeczny	3
Constantine the Philosopher University	3
University of Mataram	3
Universitas Pattimura	3
Nisshin Seifun Group Inc	3
Universitas Negeri Jakarta	3
Universitas Negeri Padang	3
STKIP PGRI Sumbar	3
Politeknik Negeri Lhokseumawe	3
Universitas Islam Riau	3
Universitas Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa	3
Universitas Muhammadiyah Purwokerto	3
International Development Center of	2
Politeknik Negeri Semarang	2
PTNBR-BATAN	2
Public Health Institute	2
Universitas Siliwangi	2
Arsari Group	2
MI Consulting Corporation	2
Institut Teknologi Sumatera	2
Universitas Borneo Tarakan	2
Guangdong Construction Polytechnic	2
Sekolah Tinggi Keguruan Dan Ilmu Pendidikan Pasundan	2
SMAN 2 Kota Sukabumi	2
Dinas Pendidikan	2
STKIP Bima	2

Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Singaperbangsa Karawang	2
Hanwha	2
Nagoya University	2
University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	2
Kangwon National University	2
Universiti Sains Malaysia	2
Universite Pierre et Marie Curie	2
Bar-Ilan University	2
Uniwersytet Opolski	2
Slovak Academy of Sciences	2
The University of British Columbia	2
University of Wollongong	2
Hokkaido University	2
International Islamic University Malaysia	2
Universidade da Madeira	2
Simon Fraser University	2
Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University	2
National Science Museum, Tokyo	2
Baskent Universitesi	2
Universitas Udayana	2
Universitas Andalas	2
Satya Wacana Christian University	2
Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember	2
University of the Philippines Los Banos	2
Japan International Cooperation Agency	2

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Table 8 below describes twenty most-cited documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data will be useful resource for citation analysis on authors and its research pattern. Researchers can track journals or conferences with higher citations and plan it for future potential publication outlets. Citation to documents in Scopus, as previously described, has been integrated in ranking for both university and researcher. Thus, such data will be important for institutions to improve its competitiveness in research. University, for example, might use the data to inform authors on what subject to research or what journal to submit and soon. University can also encourage researchers to do more collaborative works, as those that have collaborators, especially foreign experts, tend to have better citations.

**Table 8 Most-Cited Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)**

Author(s)	Journal	Citation
Vashaei et al. (2005)	Journal of Applied Physics	96

Author(s)	Journal	Citation
Cho et al. (2005)	Semiconductor Science and Technology	56
Topik, Yukawa, & Ito (2005)	Journal of Plant Research	46
Song et al. (2013)	Carbon	41
Ogi, Nandiyanto, & Okuyama (2014)	Advanced Powder Technology	37
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Chemical Engineering Science	31
Saito et al. (2006)	Journal of In-Service Education	29
Ray Hamidie et al. (2015)	Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental	26
Muraza et al. (2015)	Microporous and Mesoporous Materials	25
Arutanti et al. (2015)	ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces	25
Fatimah & Verhulst (2003)	Nonlinear Dynamics	25
Simonin et al. (2003)	Hydrometallurgy	23
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Langmuir	22
Aisyah et al. (2013)	Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	21
Sundayana et al. (2017)	World Transactions on Engineering and Technology Education	20
Nandiyanto et al. (2014)	Chemical Engineering Journal	19
Arutanti et al. (2014)	AIChE Journal	19
Suhendi et al. (2013)	Langmuir	19
Radiman & Yuliani (2008)	Polymer International	19
Saito et al. (2007)	International Journal of Educational Development	19

Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

### Experimental Design, Materials, and Methods

This data article collects the dataset from Scopus database. An institutional subscription is required to access the database. Once in Scopus database, institutional search was conducted using keyword "Indonesia". From more than two hundred institutions, ten state educational universities were chosen. For each university, collection of data was conducted using search analysis tool. Documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each university were downloadable in .csv format. These data in .csv file were then collected in an .xlsx file for each university. Ten .xlsx files for ten Indonesian educational universities were then uploaded along with this data article.

Further usage of the data can be based on policy makers, researchers or stake holders' point of view. For initial evaluation, a descriptive statistics using some tables and figures can be sufficient. However, a more detailed analysis will require further bibliometric analytic techniques and tools. Previous research can be guidance for researchers for a specific analysis on a university [4] or partial analysis of some universities as set of group [5] for Indonesian context.

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- [2] Sadjuga, "Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education Policy on National and International Journal." Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education, Jakarta, 2017.
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## a r t i c l e i n f o

## Article history:

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## a b s t r a c t

This data article presents an important bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. These ten Indonesian leading educational universities are Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG). Using Scopus database search analysis, this data article collects data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities.

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E-mail addresses: [lantip@uny.ac.id](mailto:lantip@uny.ac.id) (L.D. Prasajo), [etinurhayati@syekhnurjati.ac.id](mailto:etinurhayati@syekhnurjati.ac.id) (E. Nurhayati), [ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id](mailto:ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id) (A. Darmadji), [fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id](mailto:fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id) (F.A. Kusumaningrum), [yuliandriansyah@uii.ac.id](mailto:yuliandriansyah@uii.ac.id) (Y. Andriansyah).

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## Specifications table

Subject area	Education
More specific subject area	Higher education
Type of data	Table and figure
How data was acquired	Scopus search analysis
Data format	Raw and filtered
Experimental factors	Institutional search in Scopus is conducted to obtain ten Indonesian leading educational universities
Experimental features	Search analysis in Scopus is conducted for each ten Indonesian leading educational universities to obtain bibliometric data
Data source location	Indonesia
Data accessibility	The dataset is accessible within this article data
Related research article	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, Y. Riyanto, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Publications of Islamic University of Indonesia in Scopus Database: A bibliometric assessment," <i>COLLNET J. Sci. Inf. Manag.</i>, vol. 12, no. 1, pp. 109–131, 2018.</li> <li>2. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Research productivity and international collaboration of top Indonesian universities," <i>Curr. Sci.</i>, vol. 115, no. 4, pp. 653–658, 2018.</li> </ol>

## Value of the data

The dataset in this article will help further research on research quality of Indonesian educational universities. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to compare research quality of each university.

The dataset will also provide useful tool for analysis in university level. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to analyze research quality of each university in terms of productivity, collaboration, citation and others.

The dataset will also be useful in conducting citation analysis of highly-cited documents. This particular data can provide insight on how to publish in high impact academic journals as well as conferences.

## 1. Data

This article data presents bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. Educational universities in this context are those that previously known as IKIP or Institut Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan (Institute of Teaching and Educational Sciences). These universities previously provide higher education services to prepare teachers all over Indonesia after Independence Day. In the late 1990s and early 2000s, Government of Indonesia transform these universities into more open in educational services by providing courses in education, law, humanities, business, engineering, technology and others. This transformation changes also these universities name from previously institute to university.

After the transformation, some of educational universities show its capacity to compete to improve research quality. This dataset focuses on leading educational universities with largest publication in Scopus. Scopus is chosen as database because of its usage by Government of Indonesia to rank universities. Ranking these Indonesian leading educational universities based on Scopus documents results in names as follow: Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri

109 Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas  
 110 Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ),  
 111 Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri  
 112 Gorontalo (UNG).

113 **Table 1** below summarizes ten Indonesian leading educational universities name and its abbrevi-  
 114 ation, documents in Scopus, first year in Scopus, average documents until 2010, and average  
 115 documents from 2011 to 2018. This data is useful to understand the pattern of these universities'  
 116 documents in Scopus database. Average documents before and after 2010 are presented to show the  
 117 increasing trend in documents in Scopus as implication of policies by Government of Indonesia  
 118 regarding Scopus. In 2010s, Government of Indonesia uses Scopus for some important policies for  
 119 higher education: 1) document in Scopus is required for professor tenure[1]; 2) university ranking  
 120 based on document in Scopus [2,3]; and 3) researcher ranking based on document and citation in  
 121 Scopus [2]. These policies imply competition among universities, including educational ones, to  
 122 publish in Scopus-indexed journals and conference that make improvement in data in **Table 1**  
 123 reasonable.  
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Table 1

General information of ten Indonesian educational universities in dataset. Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

University Name and Abbreviation	Documents in Scopus	First Year in Scopus	Average Documents Until 2010 <sup>a</sup>	Average Documents 2011-2018 <sup>a</sup>
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)	1382	2002	4.22	168.00
Universitas Negeri Malang (UM)	611	2000	6.55	67.38
Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES)	559	2001	2.00	67.38
Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa)	547	2000	1.45	66.38
Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY)	340	2002	1.78	40.50
Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM)	338	2000	0.91	41.00
Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ)	304	2001	2.20	35.25
Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP)	261	2003	1.25	31.38
Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed)	141	2000	1.55	15.50
Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG)	104	2008	0.67	12.75

<sup>a</sup> Authors estimation.

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Table 2

Documents per Year of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Year	Documents
2002	1
2003	5
2004	0
2005	5
2006	5
2007	3
2008	5
2009	0
2010	14
2011	13
2012	28
2013	41
2014	50
2015	55
2016	270
2017	507
2018	380

After using Scopus database to search for leading educational universities in Indonesia, further steps collect data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities. This data were then saved in an .xlsx file for each university. Every .xlsx file consists of data for single university. To explain what each .xlsx file consists of, sample of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia will be described in the following tables and figure.

Table 2 below describes number of documents per year in Scopus published by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). This table informs initial year the university published document in Scopus and its development until recently. Increasing trend in data can also simply be viewed from this table.

Fig. 1 below describes subject area of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. This subject area can inform the strength of the university in publication. It can also be a good source to evaluate transformation of the university from previously focused on education to a wider range of teaching as today. Policy makers from Government of Indonesia can use this data to analyze whether policy on educational university has a shift paradigm in publication and soon.

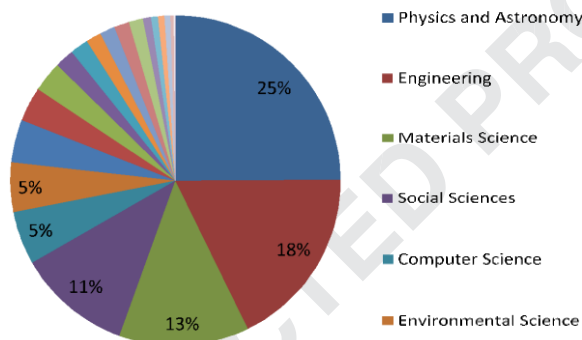


Fig. 1. Subject Area of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

Table 3

Source Title of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Source Title	Documents
Journal of Physics Conference Series	392
IOP Conference Series Materials Science And Engineering	243
AIP Conference Proceedings	127
IOP Conference Series Earth And Environmental Science	62
Indonesian Journal of Applied Linguistics	44
Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia	31
Man In India	31
Pertanika Journal of Science And Technology	19
International Journal of Applied Business And Economic Research	16
Advanced Science Letters	11
International Journal Of Economic Research	11
Journal Of Engineering Science And Technology	11
ARNP Journal Of Engineering And Applied Sciences	6
New Educational Review	6
American Journal Of Applied Sciences	5
Indonesian Journal Of Chemistry	5
International Journal Of Instruction	5
Jurnal Teknologi Sciences And Engineering	5
Materials Science Forum	5
Social Sciences Pakistan	5

217 Table 4  
 218 Document Types of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Document Type	Documents
221 Conference Paper	949
222 Article	400
223 Book Chapter	11
224 Review	7
225 Editorial	6
226 Article in Press	4
227 Erratum	3
228 Note	2

229 Table 3 below describes source titles of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in  
 230 Scopus. The data on source title can inform the trend in the university's publication. A researcher can  
 231 use this data to analyze quality of source based on its impact factor, SCIMago journal ranking, Cite-  
 232 Score, and other measurements. The source can also be a good source to determine the university  
 233 policy in publication: whether it focuses on quantity, by allowing researchers to publish at any kind of  
 234 Scopus-indexed journals and conferences, or quality, by emphasizing on only high impact journals or  
 235 conferences.

236 Table 4 below describes document types of publication in Scopus by Universitas Pendidikan  
 237 Indonesia (UPI). The data can inform the university policy in publishing research. Government of  
 238 Indonesia considers article has a greater value than conference paper. Thus, when the university  
 239 emphasizes on conference paper, it can be an indication for its effort to improve number of docu-  
 240 ments. Document types can also inform the variety of academic communication by the university.

241 Table 5 below describes country/territory of document origin by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia  
 242 (UPI) in Scopus. The data can inform collaboration pattern of the university in term of country. The data  
 243 shows Indonesia in top list which can be interpreted as main source of document origin. Japan follows in  
 244 second list as indication of 63 documents published in collaboration with researchers from this country.  
 245 This data will also be useful to map collaboration based on regions. Researchers for example can analyze  
 246 publications in collaboration with Asian, European, American countries, and soon.

247 Table 6 below describes prominent authors in Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). These  
 248 authors are those whose largest documents in Scopus. The data on these authors can be useful to  
 249 analyze disparities among staff member of university. Policy makers can also use the data as source of  
 250 potential individuals tasked to improve university publication. For public, these authors can also be  
 251 sources for commentary and analysis for occurring events in the society.

252 Table 7 below describes affiliations in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus.  
 253 The data consists of universities, research institutions, libraries and other entities having collaboration  
 254 with the university in publishing documents. This type of data can be very useful to analyze collaboration  
 255 pattern in research in terms of internationalization. Government of Indonesia has encouraged researchers  
 256 to collaborate with potential partners especially in developed countries by providing relevant grants. Such  
 257 data can be resource to track the results of this policy. Furthermore, having collaboration with world  
 258 leading universities, for example those that are listed in Top 100 QS World University Rankings, will also  
 259 has significant value for accreditation. Thus, policy makers in university can use the data to plan further  
 260 potential collaboration and choose potential university partners.

261 Table 8 below describes twenty most-cited documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)  
 262 in Scopus. The data will be useful resource for citation analysis on authors and its research pattern.  
 263 Researchers can track journals or conferences with higher citations and plan it for future potential  
 264 publication outlets. Citation to documents in Scopus, as previously described, has been integrated in  
 265 ranking for both university and researcher. Thus, such data will be important for institutions to  
 266 improve its competitiveness in research. University, for example, might use the data to inform authors  
 267 on what subject to research or what journal to submit and soon. University can also encourage  
 268 researchers to do more collaborative works, as those that have collaborators, especially foreign  
 269 experts, tend to have better citations.

Table 5

Country/Territory of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Country/Territory	Documents
Indonesia	1379
Japan	63
Malaysia	32
South Korea	19
Netherlands	16
Australia	15
United States	15
Turkey	8
China	7
Pakistan	7
Poland	7
Saudi Arabia	7
Canada	6
Italy	6
Mexico	6
Brazil	5
Bulgaria	5
Croatia	5
Estonia	5
Ghana	5
Hong Kong	5
Hungary	5
India	5
Iran	5
Kenya	5
Nigeria	5
Portugal	5
Romania	5
Russian Federation	5
Slovakia	5
Spain	5
Uganda	5
United Kingdom	5
Philippines	4
Switzerland	4
France	3
Germany	3
Singapore	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2
Colombia	2
Israel	2
Taiwan	2
Thailand	2
Argentina	1
Austria	1
Chile	1
Czech Republic	1
Finland	1
Norway	1
Peru	1
Serbia	1
Ukraine	1
Undefined	3

325 Table 6  
 326 Authors of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

327	Author Name	Documents
328		
329	Nandiyanto, A.B.D.	70
330	Abdullah, A.G.	51
331	Suhandi, A.	38
332	Rustaman, N.Y.	31
333	Samsudin, A.	28
334	Hasanah, L.	27
335	Setiawan, A.	27
336	Jupri, A.	26
337	Firman, H.	24
338	Kaniawati, I.	24
339	Suryadi, D.	22
340	Permanasari, A.	20
341	Riza, L.S.	20
342	Rusdiana, D.	20
343	Hidayat, T.	19
344	Khoerunnisa, F.	19
345	Liliasari	19
346	Redjeki, S.	19
347	Munir	18
348	Herman, T.	17

348 Table 7  
 349 Affiliation in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

350	Affiliation	Documents
351		
352	Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia	1382
353	Institut Teknologi Bandung	123
354	Universitas Padjadjaran	23
355	Hiroshima University	21
356	UIN Sunan Gunung Djati	14
357	Universitas Sultan Ageng Tirtayasa	14
358	Universitas Riau	11
359	State University of Malang	11
360	Shinshu University	10
361	Universitas Sriwijaya	10
362	Universitas Muhammadiyah Prof. Dr. HAMKA	10
363	Universiti Teknologi Malaysia	9
364	Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Indonesia	8
365	Universitas Tadulako	8
366	Universitas Ahmad Dahlan	8
367	Gadjah Mada University	7
368	Bengkulu University	7
369	Telkom University	7
370	Universitas Negeri Surabaya	7
371	Universitas Islam Negeri Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta	7
372	Universitas Swadaya Gunung Djati	6
373	Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	6
374	Utrecht University	6
375	Universitas Syiah Kuala	6
376	Federal Neuropsychiatric Hospital	5
377	Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri	5
378	Universitas Galuh	5
	Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro	5
	Kyung Hee University	5
	University of Amsterdam	5
	Universiti Utara Malaysia	5
	Chiba University	5
	Chinese University of Hong Kong	5
	Wageningen University and Research Centre	5
	Pecsi Tudományegyetem	5
	Matej Bel University	5

Table 7 (continued)

Affiliation	Documents
Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro	5
University of Zagreb	5
Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences	5
Akdeniz Universitesi	5
Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati	5
Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology	5
Universidad Iberoamericana	5
Ankara Universitesi	5
Central University of Finance and Economics	5
King Saud University	5
Cumhuriyet Universitesi	5
Adekunle Ajasin University	5
University of Washington, Seattle	5
University of Wroclaw	5
Saint Mary's University	5
University of Ghana	5
Izmir Ekonomi Universitesi	5
Universidade de Coimbra	5
Russian Academy of Sciences	5
Razi University	5
Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte	5
Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	5
Universitatea Babes-Bolyai din Cluj-Napoca	5
Kanazawa University	5
University of Nigeria	5
Universidad de Granada	5
Curtin University	5
University of Nairobi	5
University of Karachi	5
University of Tartu	5
Universitas Indonesia	5
Institut Pertanian Bogor	5
Universitas Brawijaya	5
Universitas Sebelas Maret	5
South-West University Neofit Rilski	5
Indian Institute of Management Bangalore	5
Makerere University	5
University Malaysia Pahang	5
Universitas Kanjuruhan Malang	5
Universitas Muhammadiyah Sidoarjo	5
University of Science and Culture, Tehran	5
Pakuan University	5
Universitas Negeri Medan	5
Yayasan Salib Suci	4
Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang	4
Arizona State University	4
Tohoku University	4
Institute of Psychology of the Polish Academy of Sciences	4
Universitat Zurich	4
Uniwersytet Warszawski	4
Universidade Federal de Uberlandia	4
Monash University	4
Istanbul Universitesi	4
Pontificia Universidade Catolica do Rio de Janeiro	4
Universitas Diponegoro	4
Universitas Lampung	4
Universitas Pasundan	4
Universitas Terbuka	4
Instituto D'Or de Pesquisa e Ensino	4
Universidade de Coimbra, Faculdade de Psicologia e de Ciencias da Educacao	4
Universitas Serang Raya	3
PSTNT-BATAN	3
Universitas PGRI Palembang	3

Table 7 (continued)

Affiliation	Documents
Möttemaru Oü	3
Nanyang Technological University	3
Kyoto University	3
Russian State University for the Humanities	3
Technische Universität Dresden	3
Kumoh National Institute of Technology	3
Yildiz Technical University	3
The University of Warwick	3
University of Tokyo	3
SWPS Uniwersytet Humanistycznospołeczny	3
Constantine the Philosopher University	3
University of Mataram	3
Universitas Pattimura	3
Nisshin Seifun Group Inc	3
Universitas Negeri Jakarta	3
Universitas Negeri Padang	3
STKIP PGRI Sumbar	3
Politeknik Negeri Lhokseumawe	3
Universitas Islam Riau	3
Universitas Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa	3
Universitas Muhammadiyah Purwokerto	3
International Development Center of	2
Politeknik Negeri Semarang	2
PTNBR-BATAN	2
Public Health Institute	2
Universitas Siliwangi	2
Arsari Group	2
MI Consulting Corporation	2
Institut Teknologi Sumatera	2
Universitas Borneo Tarakan	2
Guangdong Construction Polytechnic	2
Sekolah Tinggi Keguruan Dan Ilmu Pendidikan Pasundan	2
SMAN 2 Kota Sukabumi	2
Dinas Pendidikan	2
STKIP Bima	2
Universitas Singaperbangsa Karawang	2
Hanwha	2
Nagoya University	2
University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	2
Kangwon National University	2
Universiti Sains Malaysia	2
Universite Pierre et Marie Curie	2
Bar-Ilan University	2
Uniwersytet Opolski	2
Slovak Academy of Sciences	2
The University of British Columbia	2
University of Wollongong	2
Hokkaido University	2
International Islamic University Malaysia	2
Universidade da Madeira	2
Simon Fraser University	2
Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University	2
National Science Museum, Tokyo	2
Baskent Universitesi	2
Universitas Udayana	2
Universitas Andalas	2
Satya Wacana Christian University	2
Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember	2
University of the Philippines Los Banos	2
Japan International Cooperation Agency	2



Table 8

Most-Cited Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Author(s)	Journal	Citation
Vashaei et al. (2005)	Journal of Applied Physics	96
Cho et al. (2005)	Semiconductor Science and Technology	56
Topik, Yukawa, & Ito (2005)	Journal of Plant Research	46
Song et al. (2013)	Carbon	41
Ogi, Nandiyanto, & Okuyama (2014)	Advanced Powder Technology	37
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Chemical Engineering Science	31
Saito et al. (2006)	Journal of In-Service Education	29
Ray Hamidie et al. (2015)	Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental	26
Muraza et al. (2015)	Microporous and Mesoporous Materials	25
Arutanti et al. (2015)	ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces	25
Fatimah & Verhulst (2003)	Nonlinear Dynamics	25
Simonin et al. (2003)	Hydrometallurgy	23
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Langmuir	22
Aisyahet al. (2013)	Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	21
Sundayana et al. (2017)	World Transactions on Engineering and Technology Education	20
Nandiyanto et al. (2014)	Chemical Engineering Journal	19
Arutanti et al. (2014)	AIChE Journal	19
Suhendi et al. (2013)	Langmuir	19
Radiman & Yuliani (2008)	Polymer International	19
Saito et al. (2007)	International Journal of Educational Development	19

## 2. Experimental design, materials, and methods

This data article collects the dataset from Scopus database. An institutional subscription is required to access the database. Once in Scopus database, institutional search was conducted using keyword “Indonesia”. From more than two hundred institutions, ten state educational universities were chosen. For each university, collection of data was conducted using search analysis tool. Documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each university were downloadable in .csv format. These data in .csv file were then collected in an .xlsx file for each university. Ten .xlsx files for ten Indonesian educational universities were then uploaded along with this data article.

Further usage of the data can be based on policy makers, researchers or stake holders’ point of view. For initial evaluation, a descriptive statistics using some tables and figures can be sufficient. However, a more detailed analysis will require further bibliometric analytic techniques and tools. Previous research can be guidance for researchers for a specific analysis on a university [4] or partial analysis of some universities as set of group [5] for Indonesian context.

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541 Transparency document. Supporting information

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543 Transparency data associated with this article can be found in the online version at [https://doi.org/](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128)

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Appendix A. Supporting information

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549 Supplementary data associated with this article can be found in the online version at [https://doi.](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128)

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Thank you

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Manuscript No.: DIB-D-18-02216R1

Title: Indonesian state educational universities' bibliometric dataset

Journal Title: Data in Brief

Corresponding Author: Dr. Lantip Diat Prasajo

All Authors: Lantip Diat Prasajo; Reni Fatmasari; Eti Nurhayati; Ahmad Darmadji; Fitri Ayu Kusumaningrum; Yuli Andriansyah

Submit Date: Aug 26, 2018

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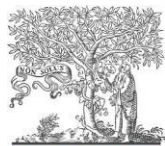
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Data Article

## Indonesian state educational universities' bibliometric dataset

Lantip Diat Prasajo<sup>a</sup>, Reni Fatmasari<sup>b</sup>, Eti Nurhayati<sup>c</sup>,  
Ahmad Darmadji<sup>d</sup>, Fitri Ayu Kusumaningrum<sup>e</sup>,  
Yuli Andriansyah<sup>f</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Educational Management, Postgraduate Program, Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indonesia

<sup>b</sup> Faculty of Education, Monash University, Australia

<sup>c</sup> Department of Islamic Early Childhood Education, Faculty of Islamic Education, Institut Agama Islam Negeri Syekh Nurjati, Indonesia

<sup>d</sup> Department of Islamic Education & Master of Islamic Studies, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

<sup>e</sup> Department of Psychology, Faculty of Psychology and Socio-Cultural Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

<sup>f</sup> Department of Islamic Economics, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

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### abstract

This data article presents an important bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. These ten Indonesian leading educational universities are Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG). Using Scopus database search analysis, this data article collects data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities.

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E-mail addresses: [lantip@uny.ac.id](mailto:lantip@uny.ac.id) (L.D. Prasajo), [etinurhayati@syekhnujati.ac.id](mailto:etinurhayati@syekhnujati.ac.id) (E. Nurhayati), [ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id](mailto:ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id) (A. Darmadji), [fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id](mailto:fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id) (F.A. Kusumaningrum), [yuliandriansyah@uii.ac.id](mailto:yuliandriansyah@uii.ac.id) (Y. Andriansyah).

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## Specifications table

Subject area	Education
More specific subject area	Higher education
Type of data	Table and figure
How data was acquired	Scopus search analysis
Data format	Raw and filtered
Experimental factors	Institutional search in Scopus is conducted to obtain ten Indonesian leading educational universities
Experimental features	Search analysis in Scopus is conducted for each ten Indonesian leading educational universities to obtain bibliometric data
Data source location	Indonesia
Data accessibility	The dataset is accessible within this article data
Related research article	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, Y. Riyanto, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Publications of Islamic University of Indonesia in Scopus Database: A bibliometric assessment," <i>COLLNET J. Sci. Inf. Manag.</i>, vol. 12, no. 1, pp. 109–131, 2018.</li> <li>2. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Research productivity and international collaboration of top Indonesian universities," <i>Curr. Sci.</i>, vol. 115, no. 4, pp. 653–658, 2018.</li> </ol>

## Value of the data

The dataset in this article will help further research on research quality of Indonesian educational universities. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to compare research quality of each university.

The dataset will also provide useful tool for analysis in university level. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to analyze research quality of each university in terms of productivity, collaboration, citation and others.

The dataset will also be useful in conducting citation analysis of highly-cited documents. This particular data can provide insight on how to publish in high impact academic journals as well as conferences.

## 1. Data

This article data presents bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. Educational universities in this context are those that previously known as IKIP or Institut Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan (Institute of Teaching and Educational Sciences). These universities previously provide higher education services to prepare teachers all over Indonesia after Independence Day. In the late 1990s and early 2000s, Government of Indonesia transform these universities into more open in educational services by providing courses in education, law, humanities, business, engineering, technology and others. This transformation changes also these universities name from previously institute to university.

After the transformation, some of educational universities show its capacity to compete to improve research quality. This dataset focuses on leading educational universities with largest publication in Scopus. Scopus is chosen as database because of its usage by Government of Indonesia to rank universities. Ranking these Indonesian leading educational universities based on Scopus documents results in names as follow: Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri

Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG).

Table 1 below summarizes ten Indonesian leading educational universities name and its abbreviation, documents in Scopus, first year in Scopus, average documents until 2010, and average documents from 2011 to 2018. This data is useful to understand the pattern of these universities' documents in Scopus database. Average documents before and after 2010 are presented to show the increasing trend in documents in Scopus as implication of policies by Government of Indonesia regarding Scopus. In 2010s, Government of Indonesia uses Scopus for some important policies for higher education: 1) document in Scopus is required for professor tenure[1]; 2) university ranking based on document in Scopus [2,3]; and 3) researcher ranking based on document and citation in Scopus [2]. These policies imply competition among universities, including educational ones, to publish in Scopus-indexed journals and conference that make improvement in data in Table 1 reasonable.

Table 1

General information of ten Indonesian educational universities in dataset. Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

University Name and Abbreviation	Documents in Scopus	First Year in Scopus	Average Documents Until 2010 <sup>a</sup>	Average Documents 2011-2018 <sup>a</sup>
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)	1382	20 02	4.22	168.00
Universitas Negeri Malang (UM)	611	2000	6.55	67.38
Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES)	559	2001	2.00	67.38
Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa)	547	2000	1.45	66.38
Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY)	340	20 02	1.78	40.50
Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM)	338	2000	0.91	41.00
Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ)	304	20 01	2.20	35.25
Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP)	261	20 03	1.25	31.38
Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed)	141	2000	1.55	15.50
Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG)	104	2008	0.67	12.75

<sup>a</sup> Authors estimation.

Table 2

Documents per Year of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Year	Documents
2002	1
2003	5
2004	0
2005	5
2006	5
2007	3
2008	5
2009	0
2010	14
2011	13
2012	28
2013	41
2014	50
2015	55
2016	270
2017	507
2018	380

After using Scopus database to search for leading educational universities in Indonesia, further steps collect data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities. This data were then saved in an .xlsx file for each university. Every .xlsx file consists of data for single university. To explain what each .xlsx file consists of, sample of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia will be described in the following tables and figure.

Table 2 below describes number of documents per year in Scopus published by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). This table informs initial year the university published document in Scopus and its development until recently. Increasing trend in data can also simply be viewed from this table.

Fig. 1 below describes subject area of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. This subject area can inform the strength of the university in publication. It can also be a good source to evaluate transformation of the university from previously focused on education to a wider range of teaching as today. Policy makers from Government of Indonesia can use this data to analyze whether policy on educational university has a shift paradigm in publication and soon.

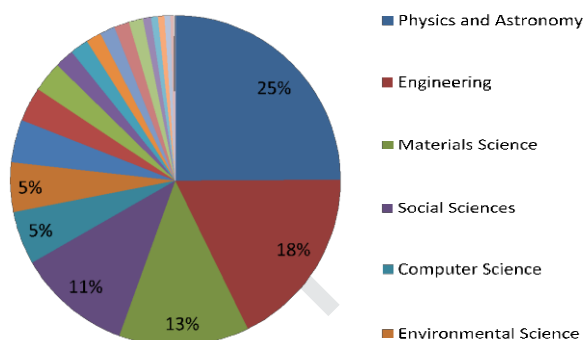


Fig. 1. Subject Area of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

Table 3

Source Title of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Source Title	Documents
Journal of Physics Conference Series	392
IOP Conference Series Materials Science And Engineering	243
AIP Conference Proceedings	127
IOP Conference Series Earth And Environmental Science	62
Indonesian Journal of Applied Linguistics	44
Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia	31
Man In India	31
Pertanika Journal of Science And Technology	19
International Journal of Applied Business And Economic Research	16
Advanced Science Letters	11
International Journal Of Economic Research	11
Journal Of Engineering Science And Technology	11
ARNP Journal Of Engineering And Applied Sciences	6
New Educational Review	6
American Journal Of Applied Sciences	5
Indonesian Journal Of Chemistry	5
International Journal Of Instruction	5
Jurnal Teknologi Sciences And Engineering	5
Materials Science Forum	5
Social Sciences Pakistan	5

Table 4

Document Types of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Document Type	Documents
Conference Paper	949
Article	400
Book Chapter	11
Review	7
Editorial	6
Article in Press	4
Erratum	3
Note	2

Table 3 below describes source titles of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data on source title can inform the trend in the university's publication. A researcher can use this data to analyze quality of source based on its impact factor, SCIMago journal ranking, Cite-Score, and other measurements. The source can also be a good source to determine the university policy in publication: whether it focuses on quantity, by allowing researchers to publish at any kind of Scopus-indexed journals and conferences, or quality, by emphasizing on only high impact journals or conferences.

Table 4 below describes document types of publication in Scopus by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). The data can inform the university policy in publishing research. Government of Indonesia considers article has a greater value than conference paper. Thus, when the university emphasizes on conference paper, it can be an indication for its effort to improve number of documents. Document types can also inform the variety of academic communication by the university.

Table 5 below describes country/territory of document origin by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data can inform collaboration pattern of the university in term of country. The data shows Indonesia in top list which can be interpreted as main source of document origin. Japan follows in second list as indication of 63 documents published in collaboration with researchers from this country. This data will also be useful to map collaboration based on regions. Researchers for example can analyze publications in collaboration with Asian, European, American countries, and soon.

Table 6 below describes prominent authors in Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). These authors are those whose largest documents in Scopus. The data on these authors can be useful to analyze disparities among staff member of university. Policy makers can also use the data as source of potential individuals tasked to improve university publication. For public, these authors can also be sources for commentary and analysis for occurring events in the society.

Table 7 below describes affiliations in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data consists of universities, research institutions, libraries and other entities having collaboration with the university in publishing documents. This type of data can be very useful to analyze collaboration pattern in research in terms of internationalization. Government of Indonesia has encouraged researchers to collaborate with potential partners especially in developed countries by providing relevant grants. Such data can be resource to track the results of this policy. Furthermore, having collaboration with world leading universities, for example those that are listed in Top 100 QS World University Rankings, will also has significant value for accreditation. Thus, policy makers in university can use the data to plan further potential collaboration and choose potential university partners.

Table 8 below describes twenty most-cited documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data will be useful resource for citation analysis on authors and its research pattern. Researchers can track journals or conferences with higher citations and plan it for future potential publication outlets. Citation to documents in Scopus, as previously described, has been integrated in ranking for both university and researcher. Thus, such data will be important for institutions to improve its competitiveness in research. University, for example, might use the data to inform authors on what subject to research or what journal to submit and soon. University can also encourage researchers to do more collaborative works, as those that have collaborators, especially foreign experts, tend to have better citations.

Table 5

Country/Territory of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Country/Territory	Documents
Indonesia	1379
Japan	63
Malaysia	32
South Korea	19
Netherlands	16
Australia	15
United States	15
Turkey	8
China	7
Pakistan	7
Poland	7
Saudi Arabia	7
Canada	6
Italy	6
Mexico	6
Brazil	5
Bulgaria	5
Croatia	5
Estonia	5
Ghana	5
Hong Kong	5
Hungary	5
India	5
Iran	5
Kenya	5
Nigeria	5
Portugal	5
Romania	5
Russian Federation	5
Slovakia	5
Spain	5
Uganda	5
United Kingdom	5
Philippines	4
Switzerland	4
France	3
Germany	3
Singapore	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2
Colombia	2
Israel	2
Taiwan	2
Thailand	2
Argentina	1
Austria	1
Chile	1
Czech Republic	1
Finland	1
Norway	1
Peru	1
Serbia	1
Ukraine	1
Undefined	3

Table 6

Authors of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Author Name	Documents
Nandiyanto, A.B.D.	70
Abdullah, A.G.	51
Suhandi, A.	38
Rustaman, N.Y.	31
Samsudin, A.	28
Hasanah, L.	27
Setiawan, A.	27
Jugri A	26
Firman, H.	24
Kaniawati, I.	24
Suryadi, D.	22
Permanasari, A.	20
Riza, L.S.	20
Rusdiana, D.	20
Hidayat, T.	19
Khoerunnisa, F.	19
Liliasari	19
Redjeki, S.	19
Munir	18
Herman, T.	17

Table 7

Affiliation in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia	1382
Institut Teknologi Bandung	123
Universitas Padjadjaran	23
Hiroshima University	21
UIN Sunan Gunung Djati	14
Universitas Sultan Ageng Tirtayasa	14
Universitas Riau	11
State University of Malang	11
Shinshu University	10
Universitas Sriwijaya	10
Prof. Dr. HAMKA	10
Universiti Teknologi Malaysia	9
Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Indonesia	8
Universitas Tadulako	8
Universitas Ahmad Dahlan	8
Gadjah Mada University	7
Bengkulu University	7
Telkom University	7
Universitas Negeri Surabaya	7
Universitas Islam Negeri Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta	7
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Djati	6
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	6
Utrecht University	6
Universitas Syiah Kuala	6
Federal Neuropsychiatric Hospital	5
Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri	5
Universitas Galuh	5
Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro	5
Kyung Hee University	5
University of Amsterdam	5
Universiti Utara Malaysia	5
Chiba University	5
Chinese University of Hong Kong	5
Wageningen University and Research Centre	5
Pecsi Tudományegyetem	5
Matej Bel University	5

Table 7 (continued)

Affiliation	Documents
Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro	5
University of Zagreb	5
Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences	5
Akdeniz Universitesi	5
Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati	5
Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology	5
Universidad Iberoamericana	5
Ankara Universitesi	5
Central University of Finance and Economics	5
King Saud University	5
Cumhuriyet Universitesi	5
Adekunle Ajasin University	5
University of Washington, Seattle	5
University of Wroclow	5
Saint Mary's University	5
University of Ghana	5
Izmir Ekonomi Universitesi	5
Universidade de Coimbra	5
Russian Academy of Sciences	5
Razi University	5
Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte	5
Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	5
Universitatea Babes-Bolyai din Cluj-Napoca	5
Kanazawa University	5
University of Nigeria	5
Universidad de Granada	5
Curtin University	5
University of Nairobi	5
University of Karachi	5
University of Tartu	5
Universitas Indonesia	5
Institut Pertanian Bogor	5
Universitas Brawijaya	5
Universitas Sebelas Maret	5
South-West University Neofit Rilski	5
Indian Institute of Management Bangalore	5
Makerere University	5
University Malaysia Pahang	5
Universitas Kanjuruhan Malang	5
Universitas Muhammadiyah Sidoarjo	5
University of Science and Culture, Tehran	5
Pakuan University	5
Universitas Negeri Medan	5
Yayasan Salib Suci	4
Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang	4
Arizona State University	4
Tohoku University	4
Institute of Psychology of the Polish Academy of Sciences	4
Universitat Zurich	4
Uniwersytet Warszawski	4
Universidade Federal de Uberlandia	4
Monash University	4
Istanbul Universitesi	4
Pontificia Universidade Catolica do Rio de Janeiro	4
Universitas Diponegoro	4
Universitas Lampung	4
Universitas Pasundan	4
Universitas Terbuka	4
Instituto D'Or de Pesquisa e Ensino	4
Universidade de Coimbra, Faculdade de Psicologia e de Ciencias da Educacao	4
Universitas Serang Raya	3
PSTNT-BATAN	3
Universitas PGRI Palembang	3

Table 7 (continued)

Affiliation	Documents
Möttemaru Oü	3
Nanyang Technological University	3
Kyoto University	3
Russian State University for the Humanities	3
Technische Universität Dresden	3
Kumoh National Institute of Technology	3
Yildiz Technical University	3
The University of Warwick	3
University of Tokyo	3
SWPS Uniwersytet Humanistycznospoleczny	3
Constantine the Philosopher University	3
University of Mataram	3
Universitas Pattimura	3
Nisshin Seifun Group Inc	3
Universitas Negeri Jakarta	3
Universitas Negeri Padang	3
STKIP PGRI Sumbar	3
Politeknik Negeri Lhokseumawe	3
Universitas Islam Riau	3
Universitas Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa	3
Universitas Muhammadiyah Purwokerto	3
International Development Center of	2
Politeknik Negeri Semarang	2
PTNBR-BATAN	2
Public Health Institute	2
Universitas Siliwangi	2
Arsari Group	2
MI Consulting Corporation	2
Institut Teknologi Sumatera	2
Universitas Borneo Tarakan	2
Guangdong Construction Polytechnic	2
Sekolah Tinggi Keguruan Dan Ilmu Pendidikan Pasundan	2
SMAN 2 Kota Sukabumi	2
Dinas Pendidikan	2
STKIP Bima	2
Universitas Singaperbangsa Karawang	2
Hanwha	2
Nagoya University	2
University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign	2
angwon National University	2
Universiti Sains Malaysia	2
Universite Pierre et Marie Curie	2
Bar-Ilan University	2
Uniwersytet Opolski	2
Slovak Academy of Sciences	2
The University of British Columbia	2
University of Wollongong	2
Hokkaido University	2
International Islamic University Malaysia	2
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Universitas Udayana	2
Universitas Andalas	2
Satya Wacana Christian University	2
Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember	2
University of the Philippines Los Banos	2
Japan International Cooperation Agency	2



Table 8

Most-Cited Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Author(s)	Journal	Citation
Vashaei et al. (2005)	Journal of Applied Physics	96
Cho et al. (2005)	Semiconductor Science and Technology	56
Topik, Yukawa, & Ito (2005)	Journal of Plant Research	46
Song et al. (2013)	Carbon	41
Ogi, Nandiyanto, & Okuyama (2014)	Advanced Powder Technology	37
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Chemical Engineering Science	31
Saito et al. (2006)	Journal of In-Service Education	29
Ray Hamidie et al. (2015)	Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental	26
Muraza et al. (2015)	Microporous and Mesoporous Materials	25
Arutanti et al. (2015)	ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces	25
Fatimah & Verhulst (2003)	Nonlinear Dynamics	25
Simonin et al. (2003)	Hydrometallurgy	23
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Langmuir	22
Aisyahet al. (2013)	Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	21
Sundayana et al. (2017)	World Transactions on Engineering and Technology Education	20
Nandiyanto et al. (2014)	Chemical Engineering Journal	19
Arutanti et al. (2014)	AIChE Journal	19
Suhendi et al. (2013)	Langmuir	19
Radiman & Yuliani (2008)	Polymer International	19
Saito et al. (2007)	International Journal of Educational Development	19

## 2. Experimental design, materials, and methods

This data article collects the dataset from Scopus database. An institutional subscription is required to access the database. Once in Scopus database, institutional search was conducted using keyword "Indonesia". From more than two hundred institutions, ten state educational universities were chosen. For each university, collection of data was conducted using search analysis tool. Documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each university were downloadable in .csv format. These data in .csv file were then collected in an .xlsx file for each university. Ten .xlsx files for ten Indonesian educational universities were then uploaded along with this data article.

Further usage of the data can be based on policy makers, researchers or stake holders' point of view. For initial evaluation, a descriptive statistics using some tables and figures can be sufficient. However, a more detailed analysis will require further bibliometric analytic techniques and tools. Previous research can be guidance for researchers for a specific analysis on a university [4] or partial analysis of some universities as set of group [5] for Indonesian context.

## Acknowledgments

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## Transparency document. Supporting information

Transparency data associated with this article can be found in the online version at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128>.

## Appendix A. Supporting information

Supplementary data associated with this article can be found in the online version at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128>.

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### Data Article

# Indonesian state educational universities' bibliometric dataset



Lantip Diat Prasajo<sup>a,n</sup>, Reni Fatmasari<sup>b</sup>, Eti Nurhayati<sup>c</sup>,  
Ahmad Darmadji<sup>d</sup>, Fitri Ayu Kusumaningrum<sup>e</sup>,  
Yuli Andriansyah<sup>f</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Educational Management, Postgraduate Program, Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta, Indonesia

<sup>b</sup> Faculty of Education, Monash University, Australia

<sup>c</sup> Department of Islamic Early Childhood Education, Faculty of Islamic Education, Institut Agama Islam Negeri Syekh Nurjati, Indonesia

<sup>d</sup> Department of Islamic Education & Master of Islamic Studies, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

<sup>e</sup> Department of Psychology, Faculty of Psychology and Socio-Cultural Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

<sup>f</sup> Department of Islamic Economics, Faculty of Islamic Studies, Universitas Islam Indonesia, Indonesia

## article info

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## abstract

This data article presents an important bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. These ten Indonesian leading educational universities are Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ), Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG). Using Scopus database search analysis, this data article collects data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each universities.

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<sup>n</sup> Corresponding author.

E-mail addresses: [lantip@uny.ac.id](mailto:lantip@uny.ac.id) (L.D. Prasajo), [reni0001@monash.edu.au](mailto:reni0001@monash.edu.au) (R. Fatmasari), [etinurhayati@syekhnurjati.ac.id](mailto:etinurhayati@syekhnurjati.ac.id) (E. Nurhayati), [ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id](mailto:ahmad.darmadji@uii.ac.id) (A. Darmadji), [fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id](mailto:fitriayukusumaningrum@uii.ac.id) (F.A. Kusumaningrum), [yuliandriansyah@uii.ac.id](mailto:yuliandriansyah@uii.ac.id) (Y. Andriansyah).

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128>

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## Specifications table

Subject area	Education
More specific subject area	Higher education
Type of data	Table and figure
How data was acquired	Scopus search analysis
Data format	Raw and filtered
Experimental factors	Institutional search in Scopus is conducted to obtain ten Indonesian leading educational universities
Experimental features	Search analysis in Scopus is conducted for each ten Indonesian leading educational universities to obtain bibliometric data
Data source location	Indonesia
Data accessibility	The dataset is accessible within this article data
Related research article	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, Y. Riyanto, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Publications of Islamic University of Indonesia in Scopus Database: a bibliometric assessment," <i>COLLNET J. Sci. Inform. Manag.</i>, 12 (1), 2018, 109–131.</li> <li>2. A. Darmadji, L. D. Prasajo, F. A. Kusumaningrum, and Y. Andriansyah, "Research productivity and international collaboration of top Indonesian universities," <i>Curr. Sci.</i>, 115 (4), 2018, 653–658.</li> </ol>

## Value of the data

The dataset in this article will help further research on research quality of Indonesian educational universities. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to compare research quality of each university.

The dataset will also provide useful tool for analysis in university level. Policy makers, researchers, and other stakeholders can use the dataset to analyze research quality of each university in terms of productivity, collaboration, citation and others.

The dataset will also be useful in conducting citation analysis of highly-cited documents. This particular data can provide insight on how to publish in high impact academic journals as well as conferences.

## 1. Data

This article data presents bibliometric dataset of ten Indonesian leading educational universities. Educational universities in this context are those that previously known as IKIP or Institut Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan (Institute of Teaching and Educational Sciences). These universities previously provide higher education services to prepare teachers all over Indonesia after Independence Day. In the late 1990s and early 2000s, Government of Indonesia transform these universities into more open in educational services by providing courses in education, law, humanities, business, engineering, technology and others. This transformation changes also these universities name from previously institute to university.

After the transformation, some of educational universities show its capacity to compete to improve research quality. This dataset focuses on leading educational universities with largest publication in Scopus. Scopus is chosen as database because of its usage by Government of Indonesia to rank universities. Ranking these Indonesian leading educational universities based on Scopus documents results in names as follow: Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI), Universitas Negeri Malang (UM), Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES), Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa), Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY), Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM), Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ),

Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP), Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed), and Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG).

Table 1 below summarizes ten Indonesian leading educational universities name and its abbreviation, documents in Scopus, first year in Scopus, average documents until 2010, and average documents from 2011 to 2018. This data is useful to understand the pattern of these universities' documents in Scopus database. Average documents before and after 2010 are presented to show the increasing trend in documents in Scopus as implication of policies by Government of Indonesia regarding Scopus. In 2010s, Government of Indonesia uses Scopus for some important policies for higher education: 1) document in Scopus is required for professor tenure[1]; 2) university ranking based on document in Scopus [2,3]; and 3) researcher ranking based on document and citation in Scopus [2]. These policies imply competition among universities, including educational ones, to publish in Scopus-indexed journals and conference that make improvement in data in Table 1 reasonable.

After using Scopus database to search for leading educational universities in Indonesia, further step is collecting data on documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited

Table 1

General information of ten Indonesian educational universities in dataset. Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

University Name and Abbreviation	Documents in Scopus	First Year in Scopus	Average Documents Until 2010 <sup>a</sup>	Average Documents 2011-2018 <sup>a</sup>
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI)	1382	2002	4.22	168.00
Universitas Negeri Malang (UM)	611	2000	6.55	67.38
Universitas Negeri Semarang (UNNES)	559	2001	2.00	67.38
Universitas Negeri Surabaya (Unesa)	547	2000	1.45	66.38
Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta (UNY)	340	2002	1.78	40.50
Universitas Negeri Makassar (UNM)	338	2000	0.91	41.00
Universitas Negeri Jakarta (UNJ)	304	2001	2.20	35.25
Universitas Negeri Padang (UNP)	261	2003	1.25	31.38
Universitas Negeri Medan (Unimed)	141	2000	1.55	15.50
Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (UNG)	104	2008	0.67	12.75

<sup>a</sup> Authors estimation.

Table 2

Documents per Year of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Year	Documents
2002	1
2003	5
2004	0
2005	5
2006	5
2007	3
2008	5
2009	0
2010	14
2011	13
2012	28
2013	41
2014	50
2015	55
2016	270
2017	507
2018	380

documents for each universities. This data were then saved in an .xlsx file for each university. Every .xlsx file consists of data for single university. To explain what each .xlsx file consists of, sample of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia will be described in the following tables and figure.

Table 2 below describes number of documents per year in Scopus published by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). This table informs initial year the university published document in Scopus and its development until recently. Increasing trend in data can also simply be viewed from this table.

Fig. 1 below describes subject area of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. This subject area can inform the strength of the university in publication. It can also be a good source to evaluate transformation of the university from previously focused on education to a wider range of teaching as today. Policy makers from Government of Indonesia can use this data to analyze whether policy on educational university has a shift paradigm in publication and soon.

Table 3 below describes source titles of documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data on source title can inform the trend in the university's publication. A researcher can use this data to analyze quality of source based on its impact factor, SCIMago journal ranking, Cite-

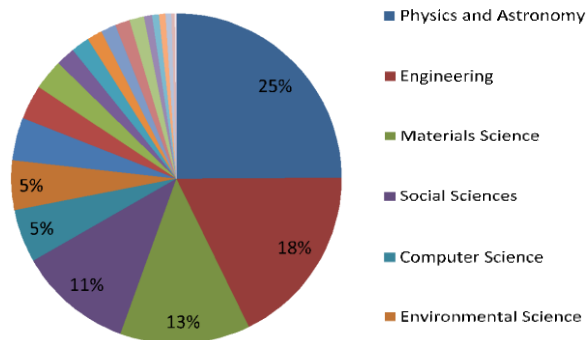


Fig. 1. Subject Area of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI).

Table 3

Source Title of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Source Title	Documents
Journal of Physics Conference Series	392
IOP Conference Series Materials Science And Engineering	243
AIP Conference Proceedings	127
IOP Conference Series Earth And Environmental Science	62
Indonesian Journal of Applied Linguistics	44
Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia	31
Man In India	31
Pertanika Journal of Science And Technology	19
International Journal of Applied Business And Economic Research	16
Advanced Science Letters	11
International Journal Of Economic Research	11
Journal Of Engineering Science And Technology	11
ARNP Journal Of Engineering And Applied Sciences	6
New Educational Review	6
American Journal Of Applied Sciences	5
Indonesian Journal Of Chemistry	5
International Journal Of Instruction	5
Jurnal Teknologi Sciences And Engineering	5
Materials Science Forum	5
Social Sciences Pakistan	5



Table 4  
Document Types of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Document Type	Documents
Conference Paper	949
Article	400
Book Chapter	11
Review	7
Editorial	6
Article in Press	4
Erratum	3
Note	2

Score, and other measurements. The source can also be a good source to determine the university policy in publication: whether it focuses on quantity, by allowing researchers to publish at any kind of Scopus-indexed journals and conferences, or quality, by emphasizing on only high impact journals or conferences.

Table 4 below describes document types of publication in Scopus by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). The data can inform the university policy in publishing research. Government of Indonesia considers article has a greater value than conference paper. Thus, when the university emphasizes on conference paper, it can be an indication for its effort to improve number of documents. Document types can also inform the variety of academic communication by the university.

Table 5 below describes country/territory of document origin by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data can inform collaboration pattern of the university in term of country. The data shows Indonesia in top list which can be interpreted as main source of document origin. Japan follows in second list as indication of 63 documents published in collaboration with researchers from this country. This data will also be useful to map collaboration based on regions. Researchers for example can analyze publications in collaboration with Asian, European, American countries, and soon.

Table 6 below describes prominent authors in Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). These authors are those whose largest prominent documents in Scopus. The data on these authors can be useful to analyze disparities among staff member of university. Policy makers can also use the data as source of potential individuals tasked to improve university publication. For public, these authors can also be sources for commentary and analysis for occurring events in the society.

Table 7 below describes affiliations in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data consists of universities, research institutions, libraries and other entities having collaboration with the university in publishing documents. This type of data can be very useful to analyze collaboration pattern in research in terms of internationalization. Government of Indonesia has encouraged researchers to collaborate with potential partners especially in developed countries by providing relevant grants. Such data can be resource to track the results of this policy. Furthermore, having collaboration with world leading universities, for example those that are listed in Top 100 QS World University Rankings, will also has significant value for accreditation. Thus, policy makers in university can use the data to plan further potential collaboration and choose potential university partners.

Table 8 below describes twenty most-cited documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) in Scopus. The data will be useful resource for citation analysis on authors and its research pattern. Researchers can track journals or conferences with higher citations and plan it for future potential publication outlets. Citation to documents in Scopus, as previously described, has been integrated in ranking for both university and researcher. Thus, such data will be important for institutions to improve its competitiveness in research. University, for example, might use the data to inform authors on what subject to research or what journal to submit and soon. University can also encourage researchers to do more collaborative works, as those that have collaborators, especially foreign experts, tend to have better citations.

Table 5

Country/Territory of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Country/Territory	Documents
Indonesia	1379
Japan	63
Malaysia	32
South Korea	19
Netherlands	16
Australia	15
United States	15
Turkey	8
China	7
Pakistan	7
Poland	7
Saudi Arabia	7
Canada	6
Italy	6
Mexico	6
Brazil	5
Bulgaria	5
Croatia	5
Estonia	5
Ghana	5
Hong Kong	5
Hungary	5
India	5
Iran	5
Kenya	5
Nigeria	5
Portugal	5
Romania	5
Russian Federation	5
Slovakia	5
Spain	5
Uganda	5
United Kingdom	5
Philippines	4
Switzerland	4
France	3
Germany	3
Singapore	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2
Colombia	2
Israel	2
Taiwan	2
Thailand	2
Argentina	1
Austria	1
Chile	1
Czech Republic	1
Finland	1
Norway	1
Peru	1
Serbia	1
Ukraine	1
Undefined	3

Table 6

Authors of Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Author Name	Documents
Nandiyanto, A.B.D.	70
Abdullah, A.G.	51
Suhandi, A.	38
Rustaman, N.Y.	31
Samsudin, A.	28
Hasanah, L.	27
Setiawan, A.	27
Jupri, A.	26
Firman, H.	24
Kaniawati, I.	24
Suryadi, D.	22
Permanasari, A.	20
Riza, L.S.	20
Rusdiana, D.	20
Hidayat, T.	19
Khoerunnisa, F.	19
Liliasari	19
Redjeki, S.	19
Munir	18
Herman, T.	17

Table 7

Affiliation in documents by Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Affiliation	Documents
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia	1382
Institut Teknologi Bandung	123
Universitas Padjadjaran	23
Hiroshima University	21
UIN Sunan Gunung Djati	14
Universitas Sultan Ageng Tirtayasa	14
Universitas Riau	11
State University of Malang	11
Shinshu University	10
Universitas Sriwijaya	10
Universitas Muhammadiyah Prof. Dr. HAMKA	10
Universiti Teknologi Malaysia	9
Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Indonesia	8
Universitas Tadulako	8
Universitas Ahmad Dahlan	8
Gadjah Mada University	7
Bengkulu University	7
Telkom University	7
Universitas Negeri Surabaya	7
Universitas Islam Negeri Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta	7
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Djati	6
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	6
Utrecht University	6
Universitas Syiah Kuala	6
Federal Neuropsychiatric Hospital	5
Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri	5
Universitas Galuh	5
Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro	5
Kyung Hee University	5
University of Amsterdam	5
Universiti Utara Malaysia	5
Chiba University	5
Chinese University of Hong Kong	5
Wageningen University and Research Centre	5
Peci Tudomanygyetem	5
Matej Bel University	5

Table 7 (continued)

Affiliation	Documents
Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro	5
University of Zagreb	5
Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences	5
Akdeniz Universitesi	5
Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati	5
Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology	5
Universidad Iberoamericana	5
Ankara Universitesi	5
Central University of Finance and Economics	5
King Saud University	5
Cumhuriyet Universitesi	5
Adekunle Ajasin University	5
University of Washington, Seattle	5
University of Wroclaw	5
Saint Mary's University	5
University of Ghana	5
Izmir Ekonomi Universitesi	5
Universidade de Coimbra	5
Russian Academy of Sciences	5
Razi University	5
Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte	5
Universita Cattolica del Sacro Cuore	5
Universitatea Babeş-Bolyai din Cluj-Napoca	5
Kanazawa University	5
University of Nigeria	5
Universidad de Granada	5
Curtin University	5
University of Nairobi	5
University of Karachi	5
University of Tartu	5
Universitas Indonesia	5
Institut Pertanian Bogor	5
Universitas Brawijaya	5
Universitas Sebelas Maret	5
South-West University Neofit Rilski	5
Indian Institute of Management Bangalore	5
Makerere University	5
University Malaysia Pahang	5
Universitas Kanjuruhan Malang	5
Universitas Muhammadiyah Sidoarjo	5
University of Science and Culture, Tehran	5
Pakuan University	5
Universitas Negeri Medan	5
Yayasan Salib Suci	4
Universitas Muhammadiyah Tangerang	4
Arizona State University	4
Tohoku University	4
Institute of Psychology of the Polish Academy of Sciences	4
Universitat Zurich	4
Uniwersytet Warszawski	4
Universidade Federal de Uberlandia	4
Monash University	4
Istanbul Universitesi	4
Pontificia Universidade Catolica do Rio de Janeiro	4
Universitas Diponegoro	4
Universitas Lampung	4
Universitas Pasundan	4
Universitas Terbuka	4
Instituto D'Or de Pesquisa e Ensino	4
Universidade de Coimbra, Faculdade de Psicologia e de Ciencias da Educacao	4
Universitas PGRI Semarang	4
Universitas Serang Raya	3
PSTNT-BATAN	3
Universitas PGRI Palembang	3

Table 7 (continued)

Affiliation	Documents
Möttemaru Oü	3
Nanyang Technological University	3
Kyoto University	3
Russian State University for the Humanities	3
Technische Universität Dresden	3
Kumoh National Institute of Technology	3
Yildiz Technical University	3
The University of Warwick	3
University of Tokyo	3
SWPS Uniwersytet Humanistycznospoleczny	3
Constantine the Philosopher University	3
University of Mataram	3
Universitas Pattimura	3
Nisshin Seifun Group Inc	3
Universitas Negeri Jakarta	3
Universitas Negeri Padang	3
STKIP PGRI Sumbar	3
Politeknik Negeri Lhokseumawe	3
Universitas Islam Riau	3
Universitas Sarjanawiyata Tamansiswa	3
Universitas Muhammadiyah Purwokerto	3
International Development Center of	2
Politeknik Negeri Semarang	2
PTNBR-BATAN	2
Public Health Institute	2
Universitas Siliwangi	2
Arsari Group	2
MI Consulting Corporation	2
Institut Teknologi Sumatera	2
Universitas Borneo Tarakan	2
Guangdong Construction Polytechnic	2
Sekolah Tinggi Keguruan Dan Ilmu Pendidikan Pasundan	2
SMAN 2 Kota Sukabumi	2
Dinas Pendidikan	2
STKIP Bima	2
Universitas Singaperbangsa Karawang	2
Hanwha	2
Nagoya University	2
University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	2
Kangwon National University	2
Universiti Sains Malaysia	2
Universite Pierre et Marie Curie	2
Bar-Ilan University	2
Uniwersytet Opolski	2
Slovak Academy of Sciences	2
The University of British Columbia	2
University of Wollongong	2
Hokkaido University	2
International Islamic University Malaysia	2
Universidade da Madeira	2
Simon Fraser University	2
Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University	2
National Science Museum, Tokyo	2
Baskent Üniversitesi	2
Universitas Udayana	2
Universitas Andalas	2
Satya Wacana Christian University	2
Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember	2
University of the Philippines Los Banos	2
Japan International Cooperation Agency	2

Table 8

Most-Cited Documents of Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI). Source: Scopus, accessed June 27, 2018.

Author(s)	Journal	Citation
Vashaei et al. (2005)	Journal of Applied Physics	96
Cho et al. (2005)	Semiconductor Science and Technology	56
Topik, Yukawa, & Ito (2005)	Journal of Plant Research	46
Song et al. (2013)	Carbon	41
Ogi, Nandiyanto, & Okuyama (2014)	Advanced Powder Technology	37
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Chemical Engineering Science	31
Saito et al. (2006)	Journal of In-Service Education	29
Ray Hamidie et al. (2015)	Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental	26
Muraza et al. (2015)	Microporous and Mesoporous Materials	25
Arutanti et al. (2015)	ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces	25
Fatimah & Verhulst (2003)	Nonlinear Dynamics	25
Simonin et al. (2003)	Hydrometallurgy	23
Nandiyanto et al. (2013)	Langmuir	22
Aisyah et al. (2013)	Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry	21
Sundayana et al. (2017)	World Transactions on Engineering and Technology Education	20
Nandiyanto et al. (2014)	Chemical Engineering Journal	19
Arutanti et al. (2014)	AIChE Journal	19
Suhendi et al. (2013)	Langmuir	19
Radiman & Yuliani (2008)	Polymer International	19
Saito et al. (2007)	International Journal of Educational Development	19

## 2. Experimental design, materials, and methods

This data article collects the dataset from Scopus database. An institutional subscription is required to access the database. Once in Scopus database, institutional search was conducted using keyword “Indonesia”. From more than two hundred institutions, ten state educational universities were chosen. For each university, collection of data was conducted using search analysis tool. Documents per year, subject area of documents, source title of documents, documents type, country/territory, author name and number of documents, affiliation and most cited documents for each university were downloadable in .csv format. These data in .csv file were then collected in an .xlsx file for each university. Ten .xlsx files for ten Indonesian educational universities were then uploaded along with this data article.

Further usage of the data can be based on policy makers, researchers or stake holders’ point of view. For initial evaluation, a descriptive statistics using some tables and figures can be sufficient. However, a more detailed analysis will require further bibliometric analytic techniques and tools. Previous research can be guidance for researchers for a specific analysis on a university [4] or partial analysis of some universities as set of group [5] for Indonesian context.

## Acknowledgments

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## Transparency document. Supporting information

Transparency data associated with this article can be found in the online version at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2018.11.128>.

## Appendix A. Supporting information

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